D. DETAILED STATEMENT of Position and Annual Salaries of the Staff as at 31st December, 1879.

Name.
Citchener, Elijah

E. List of New Clothing made by the Girls during the Year, exclusive of keeping all Clothing neatly mended and in good repair.

76 girls' chemises, 129 girls' dresses, 10 boys' coats, 82 flannel petticoats, 48 pillow-slips, 199 girls' pinafores, 50 boys' shirts, 50 sheets for beds, 30 bed-ticks, 42 pairs boys' trousers, 21 muslin window-screens, 20 boys' flannel shirts, 49 towels, 1 table-cover.

In addition to needlework, the girls make all the beds, scrub the floors, and assist in all the other domestic work of the institution. They receive four and a half hours' school instruction five days in the week.

A most abundant supply of vegetables is grown by the boys, under the care of the gardener.

REPORTS ON CAVERSHAM INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL.

1. Mr. HISLOP'S REPORT.

Sr.,— Department of Education, Wellington, 26th June, 1880.

I have the honor to submit the following report on the Otago Industrial School:—

This institution was established in January, 1869, under the provisions of "The Neglected and Criminal Children Act, 1867." As I was associated with the late Mr. St. John Branigan in carrying out the directions of the Superintendent (Mr. Macandrew) in connection with the establishment and organization of the school, and as I succeeded that gentleman as Honorary Inspector on his leaving for Wellington, I have had ample opportunity of becoming acquainted with the management of the institution in all its details from the very outset until I left Dunedin in January, 1878. The management of the school was transferred to this department in April last.

Inspection of the School.

The control of the institution was placed by the Act in the hands of the Superintendent of the province, and there is no express provision for the appointment of an inspecting officer, or committee or board of management. But it is provided by sections 42 and 44 that all persons authorized in that behalf by the Superintendent of the province, all members of the Provincial Executive Council, all members of both Houses of the Colonial Legislature, all Judges of the Supreme Court or any District Court, and all Justices of the Peace shall be entitled to visit the school, and may inscribe in a book to be kept for the purpose "any remarks or observations they may think fit to make touching or concerning the school and the master, matron, teachers, officers, servants, or inmates, or any of them."

On the opening of the school Mr. Macandrew invited Mr. Branigan to accept the office of

On the opening of the school Mr. Macandrew invited Mr. Branigan to accept the office of Honorary Inspector, the duties of which he performed for some years with great zeal and ability, and with unspeakable advantage to the institution and its inmates. Shortly after Mr. Branigan's removal to Wellington the Superintendent conferred on me the Honorary Inspectorship of the school. When the Abolition Act came into operation the control of the school vested in the Governor of the colony, and was placed in charge of the Minister of Justice, who requested me to continue in the performance of the duties of Honorary Inspector. I did so until I left Dunedin for Wellington in January, 1878. Shortly after my removal the Government invited four gentlemen to act as a committee of management or inspection, but three of them declined, on the ground, I believe, that the Act gave them no legal status; and since then Mr. H. Houghton has performed the duties of Honorary Inspector.

Although I had no legal status as Honorary Inspector, I never experienced any difficulty under the Provincial or the Colonial Government in doing all that was really necessary to secure the proper

and successful carrying-on of the work of the school.

The following is a summary of what I conceive to be the duties of the Honorary Inspector: To visit the institution from time to time, and not always when expected; to take notice of the condition