The average economic orchard unit is in the vicinity of 12 acres, but the size of such unit is dependent mainly on orchard-management practices and the fertility of the soil in which the trees are established.

PRODUCTION

The quantity of fruit produced in the Dominion during the 1945 season was:-

			Bushels.
Apples	 	 	 $2,280,224\frac{1}{2}$
Pears	 	 	 $363,637\frac{1}{2}$
Stone-fruit	 	 	 557,615
Lemons	 	 	 97,875
Other citrus	 	 	 69,770

Apples and Pears.—The total production of apples and pears was distributed as follows:—

			Apples.	Pears.	Total.
Distributed to consumers by Internal Mar Sold privately by growers Sold to canning factories Sold for dehydration, pulping, cider, &c.	rketing Divi	ision 	Bushels. 1,868,106½ 190,622 140,997 80,499	Bushels. $275,746\frac{1}{2}$ $36,498\frac{1}{2}$ $51,038$ $354\frac{1}{2}$	Bushels. 2,143,853 $227,120\frac{1}{2}$ 192,035 $80,853\frac{1}{2}$
Total			$2,280,224\frac{1}{2}$	$363,637\frac{1}{2}$	2,643,862

Owing to unseasonable weather conditions, the quantity of apples produced during 1945, although slightly in excess of the estimate, was appreciably less than that of the previous season.

The latest estimates for the 1946 season indicate a crop of 2,452,435 bushel cases of apples and 266,865 of pears.

Citrus Fruit.—Estimated totals for citrus production for the season 1945-46 are:

			Bushels.
Lemons	 	 	97,875
New Zealand grapefruit	 	 	61,220
Sweet oranges	 	 	8,390

Growers of citrus fruits in the northern parts of the Dominion suffered financially when drought conditions extending for a period of four to five months were experienced toward the end of 1945 and till early in 1946. Considerable losses occurred in the orange and lemon crops by the fruit falling in the early stages of growth. The trees also suffered badly, and many growers in the Kerikeri area were put to considerable expense in either installing in their orchards a system of irrigation or by carting water and applying it to the soil about the trees in order to keep them alive.

Stone-fruit.—The quantity of stone-fruit produced shows a decided increase over last season. This was especially the case in Central Otago with regard to apricots. In Gisborne, however, drought conditions caused an appreciable loss of fruit.

The estimated production of stone fruits for 1945-46 is:—

				Bushels.
Peaches	 	 	 	303,300
Nectarines	 	 	 	28,500
Apricots	 	 	 	97,800
${ m Plums}$	 	 	 	114,965
Cherries	 	 	 	13,050

There is still a good demand for stone-fruits for consumption as fresh fruit and for processing. This has had the effect of increasing the areas planted in stone-fruit in suitable districts.