Our sources of supply were as follows:-

Source of Supply.		Year ended 31st March, 1945.		Year ended 31st March, 1946.	
Source of S		Cases.	Per- centage.	Cases.	Per- centage.
Fiji		32,965	27.80	90,498	33.57
(Com as	• •	31,332	26.42	47,372	17.57
Camaa		48.242	40.68	125,888	46.70
Mino		3,086	2.60	$\frac{120,000}{4,730}$	1.75
Rarotonga		2,966	$\frac{5}{2} \cdot 50$	1,104	0.41
		118,591		269,592	·

## GRAPEFRUIT

New Zealand at present can grow sufficient for its demands between August and November. The Division therefore endeavours to import during the period when New Zealand grapefruit is not available. This year quantities were slightly increased, viz.:—

(January of Co.			Year ended 31st March, 1945.		Year ended 31st March, 1946.	
Source of Su	ppiy.	Cases.	Per- centage.	Cases.	Per- centage.	
Cook Islands		545	8.22	1,654	21.30	
Samoa		676	10.19	570	$7 \cdot 34$	
Jamaica	[	5,412	81.59	5,542	71.36	
	-	6,633		7,766		

## LEMON DISTRIBUTION

After the record year of production in the year ending 31st March, 1945, the crop was, as expected, considerably lighter, and the whole of the output was consumed by the New Zealand public. The Division again handled the packing and distribution of all New-Zealand-grown lemons (except Meyer lemons) and sold 71,296 three-quarter-bushel cases, against the record total of 99,662 the previous year. It was able to purchase some California lemons, and so (since the Californian season is complementary to our own) help out the New Zealand supply when it was at its lowest:—

			ied , 1945.	Year ended 31st March, 1946.	
Source of Supp	ly.	Three-quarter- bushel Cases.	Per- centage.	Three-quarter- bushel Cases.	Per- centage.
New Zealand Australia Cook Islands California		99,662 3,936 976	95·29 3·77 0·94	71,296 3,724 608 9,700	83.56 $4.36$ $0.72$ $11.36$
		104,574		85,328	