SECTION III. AUSTRIA (Special Clauses)

ARTICLE 10

- I. Italy shall enter into or confirm arrangements with Austria to guarantee free movement of passenger and freight traffic between the North and East Tyrol.
- 2. The Allied and Associated Powers have taken note of the provisions (the text of which is contained in Annex IV) agreed upon by the Austrian and Italian Governments on September 5, 1946.

SECTION IV. PEOPLE'S FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF YUGOSLAVIA (Special Clauses)

ARTICLE II

- I. Italy hereby cedes to Yugoslavia in full sovereignty the territory situated between the new frontiers of Yugoslavia as defined in Articles 3 and 22 and the Italo-Yugoslav frontier as it existed on January I, 1938, as well as the commune of Zara and all islands and adjacent islets lying within the following areas:
 - (a) The area bounded:

On the north by the parallel of 42° 50′ N.;

On the south by the parallel of 42° 42′ N.;

On the east by the meridian of 17° 10' E.;

On the west by the meridian of 16° 25' E.;

- (b) The area bounded:
 - On the north by a line passing through the Porto del Quieto, equidistant from the coastline of the Free Territory of Trieste and Yugoslavia, and thence to the point 45° 15′ N., 13° 24′ E.;

On the south by the parallel 44° 23′ N.;

On the west by a line connecting the following points:

- (I) 45° 15′ N.—I3° 24′ E.;
- (2) 44° 51' N.— 13° 37' E.;
- (3) 44° 23′ N.—14° 18′ 30″E.

On the east by the west coast of Istria, the islands and the mainland of Yugoslavia.

A chart of these areas is contained in Annex I.

2. Italy hereby cedes to Yugoslavia in full sovereignty the island of Pelagosa and the adjacent islets.

The island of Pelagosa shall remain demilitarised.

Italian fishermen shall enjoy the same rights in Pelagosa and the surrounding waters as were there enjoyed by Yugoslav fishermen prior to April 6, 1941.

ARTICLE 12

1. Italy shall restore to Yugoslavia all objects of artistic, historical, scientific, educational or religious character (including all deeds, manuscripts, documents and bibliographical material) as well as administrative archives (files, registers, plans and documents of any kind) which, as the result of the Italian occupation, were removed between November 4, 1918, and March 2, 1924, from the territories ceded to Yugoslavia under the treaties signed in Rapallo