## 1947 NEW ZEALAND

# THE POLICE FORCE OF THE DOMINION

(ANNUAL REPORT ON)

Presented to both Houses of the General Assembly by Command of His Excellency

The Commissioner of Police to the Right Hon, the Minister in Charge of Police Department

Wellington, 18th June, 1947.

I have the honour to present the annual report on the Police Force for the year ended 31st March last.

Personnel.—On 31st March last the number of members of the Force of all ranks was 1,497, being an increase of 22 during the year. The total is made up as follows: 6 Superintendents, 20 Inspectors, 12 Sub-Inspectors, 55 senior sergeants, 153 sergeants, 987 constables, 167 temporary constables, 16 senior detectives, 42 detective-sergeants, and 39 detectives. There were also 1 district constable, 25 women police, 8 matrons, and 14 police surgeons.

The following are the losses in personnel for the year ended 31st March last: retired on pension under Public Service Superannuation Act, 18; retired medically unfit, 9; died, 7; resigned voluntarily, 74; resigned compulsorily, 1; discharged, 2; dismissed, 4; total, 115.

New stations were established at Taita, Naenae, Mangakino, and Whenuapai.

The status of the Masterton Police-station has been raised by the appointment of a Sub-Inspector in charge to have control of the stations in the Wairarapa district.

In my last report it was mentioned that the Training School for recruits had been reopened. The physical and educational standard of the recruits has been satisfactory, and a steady flow of applicants made it possible to carry out successive courses of concentrated training.

In addition to tuition in general police duties, the recruits received lectures by experts in specialized subjects and in first aid; and every endeavour was made to equip them to carry out their duties efficiently.

The conduct of members of the Force as a whole has been very good during the year and a satisfactory standard of efficiency and discipline has been maintained.

Of the 25 women police employed by the Department, 10 are located at Auckland, 7 at Wellington, 4 at Christchurch, and 4 at Dunedin. They have done very good work in cases in which women and children were involved and have proved an acquisition to the service.

In the New Year honours list, 1947, His Majesty the King was pleased to confer the decoration of O.B.E. on Mr. R. F. Madden, the Secretary of this Department, and of M.B.E. on Inspector J. J. Gallagher, Solicitor to the Police Department. Both these officers have given many years of loyal and efficient service, and it is pleasing to know that their faithful and outstanding work has been recognized and rewarded.

During the year a conference of commissioned officers was held at Wellington. Many subjects dealing with the administration of the Department were discussed, and it is hoped that the interchange of ideas and measures taken for uniformity of procedure will result in increased efficiency of the Force.

Police Buildings, &c.—The building of additional office and barrack accommodation and a motor-garage at Dunedin Central Police-station was completed, as was the erection of new police-stations at Omakau, Kingsland, and Waitara. A new station has also been erected at Ohakune, and a sergeant's residence at Tauranga. A contract has been let for a new police-station at Whitianga, and the work is now in hand. Houses for use as police-stations were purchased at New Lynn and Castlecliff and one for a constable's residence at Balclutha, and a site was acquired for a police-station at Waimataitai.

Negotiations are in progress for the acquisition of a new site for a police-station at Greymouth, and it is expected that the erection of the new building, which is urgently required, will be put in hand at an early date.

The urgent demands for housing and the shortage of building-material and labour have impeded progress in regard to the erection of new police-stations, many of which are badly needed to replace buildings which have become unserviceable and inadequate for present requirements.

Transport.—The fleet of cars for motor patrol and transport work has been augmented during the year by the acquisition of some additional second-hand vehicles through the War Assets Realization Board, and a few light trucks have also been obtained. These vehicles, which have done considerable mileage, are becoming costly to maintain, and it is hoped that some new cars to replace them will be procurable at an early date.

In addition to cars for patrol work at the four main centres and their outlying suburbs, it has been possible to provide departmental vehicles at Palmerston North, Hamilton, and Rotorua. It is hoped to supply cars at other headquarters stations as soon as additional vehicles become available.

Police Launches.—Water patrol of the harbour has been maintained by the police launches at Auckland and Wellington and has given good service in checking thefts from moored yachts, launches, &c., and in rendering assistance in boating accidents.

The launch which was chartered at Auckland was returned to the owner, and has been replaced by another suitable vessel which was taken over from the Navy Department.

Communications.—The operation of the radio system, which enables the central station to communicate with police patrol cars and which was installed at Auckland and Wellington, has proved a success, and has been particularly effective in dealing with crime and in the maintenance of law and order. Certain technical difficulties have precluded the installation of a two-way system, but the matter is receiving close attention.

The efficiency of the police service has also been considerably advanced by the installation of the teleprinter machines. Units have now been installed at Christchurch and Dunedin, and these, with those in use at Auckland, Hamilton, Palmerston North, and Wellington, provide a direct, prompt, and confidential channel of communication

between these centres. The machines are still being operated on a restricted service—during the evening and early morning—but the question of extending the period in which the units are used will be considered as soon as the circumstances warrant this course.

3

The system whereby all suburban stations are linked up by telephone with district headquarters for simultaneous broadcasts has worked satisfactorily at Wellington. The extension of this system to the other main centres will receive attention when the necessary equipment is available.

Criminal Registration Branch.—At Headquarters on the 31st March, 1947, the finger impressions of 70,065 persons were on record. During the year 3,623 sets of prints were received, classified, indexed, and filed; 159 persons were identified as previous offenders who, had it not been for the finger-print system, would have passed as first offenders; 2,614 photographs were taken by the photographers attached to the Branch; the photographs of 2,331 persons (4,177 photographs) were received and dealt with; 640 photographs were reproduced in the Police Gazette; 12 wanted persons were located and 3 unknown deceased persons identified by finger-prints.

Finger-prints left by offenders committing 43 crimes were identified as belonging to 33 persons.

Finger-prints of 110 persons were received from other countries for inquiry, of which 14 were identified as those of persons previously convicted in New Zealand; the finger-prints of 532 New Zealand offenders were sent overseas for inquiry, and 39 were identified as having been previously convicted outside this Dominion.

In one case the finger-prints of a man who had been arrested in this Dominion for a serious crime were transmitted to London by telegram in the Collins finger-print code, and a reply was received within three days giving full particulars of his previous history as known to the police at Scotland Yard, London.

To date the finger-print system in Wellington has been responsible for the identification of 8,479 persons.

On the 31st March, 1947, the finger-print collection in the Auckland Criminal Registration Branch totalled 12,022 sets.

During the year 1,260 prisoners' finger-prints were received, classified, searched, and filed.

The photographs of 376 prisoners were taken and 1,880 prints were made from the negatives; also, numerous photographs of scenes of crimes and motor accidents were taken. The total number of photographs produced by the Branch during the year was 2,861.

In 44 cases offenders were traced by their finger-prints as having been previously convicted, and in 16 other cases prints left by offenders when committing crimes were identified and the offenders duly arrested and dealt with by the Courts.

Arms Bureau.—The Arms Bureau has carried out its usual functions of examining firearms which have come under police notice in relation to accidents and offences. All firearms with which fatal accidents occurred were examined, and reports were prepared for the information of the Coroner. In many cases where the wound was not fatal the weapons were also examined and reported upon, and in some of these cases it was found that the weapon either had inherent faults or had worn into a dangerous state. Such weapons were referred to a licensed gun-dealer for treatment and the owner warned regarding any hidden dangers and the need of care in their use. In cases where crimes involving firearms were committed and persons were charged, evidence was prepared and presented to the Courts.

The identification of metal objects from which trade-marks, names, or serial numbers have been abraded by filing or beating is another branch of police work undertaken by the Arms Bureau, and during the year a number of obliterated legends were successfully restored and made legible.

Lectures and instruction in relation to firearms were given on all possible occasions to police in various districts, and practical target shooting was also supervised.

The firearms accident rate is still very high. These accidents are due largely to preventable causes. In an attempt to widen public knowledge of the hidden dangers in three of the main classes of these weapons the National Film Unit recorded a film under the supervision of the Arms Bureau. This film showed examples of accidents and how to avoid them. It was shown in all picture-theatres in New Zealand, and one copy was sent to the Forces in Japan.

Fifty-seven accidents were reported, of which 13 were fatal. The average age of the persons injured was  $23\frac{1}{2}$  years.

The majority of the accidents were caused by shot-guns with exposed hammers and  $\cdot 22$  rifles.

Work for other Government Departments.—As in the past, the Police Department has been called on by various Government Departments to carry out a large volume of inquiry and other work, and a good deal of the time of the police is taken up with these duties.

During the year inquiries were completed and prosecutions were conducted for breaches of statutes and regulations administered by other Departments.

Criminal Statistics.—The criminal statistics (Appendix A) deal with offences reported to the police during the year ended 31st December last and show an aggregate net increase of 272 on the figures of 1945. The percentage of offences to the population was 1.92, as against 1.97 the previous year.

The number of offences reported during the year was 34,016, the number of cases in which arrests or summonses resulted was 28,818, leaving 5,198 cases in which no prosecution followed but which are still the subject of inquiries or have since been disposed of.

The percentage of arrests or summonses resulting from offences reported during the year 1946 was 84·72, the figures of the preceding year being 82·87.

There was an increase in the number of serious crimes as compared with the previous year and in the number of indecent and sexual offences. There has also been an increase in the number of cases of false pretences and obtaining credit by fraud. There has been, however, a decrease in respect of the unlawful conversion of motor-vehicles of approximately 12 per cent.

There were 10 cases of murder, 5 of attempted murder, and 3 of manslaughter. In 1 case of murder the offender committed suicide after committing the crime; in 2 cases the offender was found to be mentally defective, in 1 case the offender was acquitted, and in 5 cases convictions were recorded. In 1 case the offender has not been traced—that of a man found apparently murdered at Wellington.

Prosecutions in connection with liquor at dances show an increase of nearly 44 per cent. The police are making every effort to combat this class of offence.

Drunkenness.—There was an increase of 215 in the number of prosecutions for drunkenness during the year as compared with the previous year.

The number charged with drunkenness in 1946 was 2,069 (2,018 males and 51 females), whereas in 1945 the number was 1,854 (1,759 males and 95 females).

Four hundred and sixty-two males (22.9 per cent.) and 9 females (17.65 per cent.) had previous convictions recorded against them, and 6.24 per cent. of the males were not permanent residents of the Dominion.

Prosecutions against Hotelkeepers.—Prosecutions against hotelkeepers during the year show an increase of 34. There were 402 prosecutions resulting in 300 convictions during 1946, as against 368 prosecutions and 257 convictions in 1945.

Sly-grog Selling.—There were 114 prosecutions during the year for selling liquor without a licence, and also 11 prosecutions for other offences against the provisions of the Licensing Act in force in no-licence districts.

The fines imposed on the sly-grog sellers during the year 1946 amounted to £1,067.

Gaming Offences.—There were 521 prosecutions under the Gaming Act, against 1,001 prosecutions in 1945. There were 249 prosecutions in connection with bookmaking during the year ended 31st March, 1947, resulting in 244 convictions, the amount of fines imposed being £17,978.

Prosecutions under the Motor-vehicles Act.—There was a substantial increase in the number of prosecutions for causing death or bodily injury through reckless driving of motor-vehicles and for being intoxicated in charge of a motor-vehicle. In addition to warnings for minor breaches of the Act and regulations, there were 3,905 prosecutions for such breaches, being 320 less than in the previous year.

Growth of Department.—The following return shows the growth of the Department, the population, and the total number of offences (irrespective of by-law offences) reported, and in which arrests or summonses resulted, at each tenth year since 1877, prior to which date each province in the Dominion had its own Police Force. The figures for each year from 1939 to 1946 are also shown:—

Year.	Officers.	Non-commissioned Officers.	Detectives.	Constables.	Total.	Police to Population.	Cost per Inhabit- ant.	Population.	Offences reported.	Offences where Arrests or Summonses resulted.	Arrests for Drunkenness (included in "Offences reported").
1878 1888 1898 1908 1918 1928 1938 1939 1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946 1947	25 13 7 15 20 23 26 27 27 28 29 29 31 37 34 38	90 69 56 83 111 127 145 148 149 155 175 173 168 174 208	$ \begin{vmatrix} 14 \\ 17 \\ 16 \\ 32 \\ 38 \\ 54 \\ 93 \\ 91 \\ 90 \\ 97 \\ 105 \\ 112 \\ 116 \\ 110 \\ 103 \\ 97 \end{vmatrix} $	329 388 457 604 732† 913† 1,164† 1,173† 1,191† 1,229† 1,324† 1,314† 1,314† 1,164† 1,164†	1,439 1,457 1,509 1,599 1,640 1,634 1,565 1,475	1 to 944 1 to 1,328 1 to 1,331 1 to 1,331 1 to 1,274 1 to 1,301 1 to 1,123 1 to 1,129 1 to 1,126 1 to 1,022 1 to 998 1 to 1,064 1 to 1,064 1 to 1,064 1 to 1,159 1 to 1,184	s. d. * 3 134 2 8 3 21416 5 9 6 7 534 5 7 8 114 4 8 8 1042 10 10 6 4 10 10 6 14	432,352 646,913 768,910 977,215 1,147,391 1,453,517 1,604,479 1,624,714 1,636,230 1,634,338 1,636,700 1,643,909 1,664,585 1,709,048 1,772,787	14,157 12,897 16,378 23,510 19,067 33,138 44,308 46,378 45,009 38,559 34,608 33,192 31,960 33,744 34,016	13,959 11,854 14,730 22,484 18,043 30,622 41,618 43,162 41,619 35,896 30,790 28,722 27,229 27,965 28,818	6,668 5,387 5,532 10,343 7,228 6,601 5,436 5,935 5,470 4,887 3,001 2,304 2,132 1,854 2,069

<sup>\*</sup> Not obtainable.

<sup>†</sup> Includes temporary constables.

J. Cummings, Commissioner of Police.

#### APPENDIX A

RETURN SHOWING THE NUMBER OF OFFENCES REPORTED, THE NUMBER OF OFFENCES FOR WHICH PERSONS WERE APPREHENDED OR SUMMONED, AND COMPARISON OF CRIME DURING THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 1945, AND YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 1946

			1945.	1	946.			
	Off	ences.	a		· · NETTO, ETTORISMONTH AND AND AND ADMINISTRATION	Number of Offences reported	Number of Offences reported.	Number of Offences in which Arrests or Summonses resulted.
CRIMES AND J	USTICES O Misleadi			CTS, ETC.				
Perjury and false oa			nce			5	3	3
False statements an	d declara					41	37	37
	Escapes a	nd Res	cues					
Breaking prison							3	3
Escaping from priso	n or lawf	ul custo	dy			62	40	38
Assisting or aiding e	scape fro	m priso	n or lawfu	d custody	7	5		
Of	fences ago	iinst Re	ligion					
Disturbing public w			• •			• •	1	1
0	Offences a	gainst 1	Morality					
						ă	13	13
Unnatural offence, a	ttempted					6	3	3
Indecently assaultin	g a male					122	90	89
Incest		٠				3	14	14
Indecent acts	• •	• •				12	20	16
Offence	es agains	t the Pe	rson, &c.					
Murder						20	10	8
Murder, attempted						7	5	5
Manslaughter						5	3	3
Manslaughter Suicide, attempted Concealment of birth						74	61	61
				• • .		4	1	1
Disabling or stupefy					:	3	• • •	
Wounding with inter						3	5 5	5
Endangering safety Administering poison							3 1	5
injure or annoy		_						
Assault causing actu						32	25	23
Causing actual bodi death had been ca					i, ii	2	• •	••
	usea, wo	ша ве п	nansiaugn	rei		138	140	104
Assault, indecent, at		• •		• •		100	1	1
Assault with intent t						7	13	10
Assault, aggravated						3	ĩ	1
						711	713	663
Rape					!	21	8	5
Rape, attempted						10	13	9
Carnally knowing gir	rls under	sixteen	years		:	66	76	73
Carnally know girls		teen yea	ırs, attem	pts to	:	17	18	18
Abortion, procuring		٠٠ .	• •	• •		6	2	2
Abortion, supplying					• •	3		
Bigamy	• •	• •			• •	23	17 1	15
Abduction	 don founts				:	4	1	1
Stealing children und Threatening to kill of	uer rourte ve do arios	zone bo	a dilv harm	•		+	1	
~	-	ous bo	шу пагш			1	1	1
permis man-mah	• •	• •	• •			1	• •	

#### APPENDIX A-continued

	1945.	19	946.			
Offences.	Number of Offences reported.	Number of Offences reported.	Number of Offences in which Arrests or Summonses resulted.			
CRIMES AND JUSTICES OF THE P			-ctd.			
Offences against Right		rty		0.170	0 155	F 140
Theft (undescribed)		• •	::	$9,172 \\ 67$	$\substack{8,155\\42}$	5,149 $18$
Theft from the person				43	$\frac{12}{20}$	10
Theft from the person, attempted				1		
Theft from dwellings	• •			473	447	163
Theft from dwellings, attempted Theft by clerks or servants	• •	• •		$\begin{array}{c} 17 \\ 38 \end{array}$	$\frac{21}{26}$	5 26
Theft of animals (specified)			::	36	37	25
Theft of animals, attempted		• ;			i	1
Bringing stolen property into New Z	Zealand				1	1
False pretences		• •		524	573	519
False pretences, attempted Obtaining credit by fraud		• •		12 54	13 58	8 55
False accounting by officials or clerk	 s		:.	10	1	1
Conspiracy to defraud				2	$\frac{1}{2}$	2
Fortune-telling or practising witcher	aft			5	2	2
Robbery and aggravated robbery			]	$\frac{32}{2}$	$\frac{26}{2}$	24
Assault with intent to rob Demanding with intent to steal	• •	• •	•• ]	$rac{1}{2}$	$\frac{2}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$
Extortion by threats	• •		::	$\frac{2}{2}$	4	
Burglary				88	91	58
Burglary, attempted				9	18	6
House or shop breaking, &c	, ,	• •	• • •	1,551	1,655	1,001
House or shop breaking, &c., attemple Being found in dwellinghouse by nig			• •	$^{143}_{6}$	$\frac{204}{6}$	99 4
Being armed with intent to break or				1		-11
Being disguised or in possession of ho				ĩ		
Receiving property dishonestly obta	ined	· .		164	153	153
Forgery		• •		90	107	99
Uttering forged documents or false of Sending false telegram	ertineates	• •	••	$\frac{29}{2}$	$\frac{29}{2}$	$\frac{29}{2}$
Personation		• •	::	$\frac{2}{2}$	$\frac{2}{3}$	3
Coin, offences relating to					$\overset{\circ}{2}$	
Arson				36	18	15
Arson, attempted	• •			6	3	1
Setting fire to crops, attempted Wilfully placing obstruction on rails		• •	::	$\frac{1}{7}$	3	
Mischief	,		::	792	706	613
Mischief on railways and tramways				10	12	11
Possessing or making explosive subs	stance, &c.	, with	intent		3	3
thereby to commit a crime				,		
Sending threatening letters Threatening acts with intent to intin	nidata	• •		1		
i meatening acts with intent to mui	mane	• •			•	
Police Offences	s Act					
Breach of the peace, &c				613	709	708
Cruelty to animals	• •	• •		1 742	23	23
Drunk while in charge of horses, &c.	or loaded	 I fireer	mg	$^{1,742}_{8}$	$\substack{1,927\\13}$	1,927
Drunk and disorderly	., 01 10auet		ms	104	129	129
Exposure of person and grossly inde				134	175	126
Using profane, indecent, or obscene	language	٠		260	328	325
Vagrancy (idle and disorderly pers	ons, rogue	s and	vaga-	276	314	313
bonds, and incorrigible rogues) Assaulting, obstructing, or resisting	constables	. &c		99	108	108
Inciting violence, disorder, or lawles		,		6	$\overset{100}{2}$	

#### APPENDIX A-continued

		1945.	19	946.
Offences.		Number of Offences reported.	Number of Offences reported.	Number of Offences in which Arrests or Summonse resulted.
Police Offences Act—continued				
Unlawfully using horses, motor-cars, &c		1,381	1,216	876
Unlawfully on premises at night without criminal intent	• •	195	276	259
	• •	16	40	40
		19	10	$\frac{10}{1}$
Obtaining entrance to entertainment without paying fee		2	1 1	1
		1		
•				
GAMING ACT Common gaming-house, keeping or managing, &c.		168	96	95
		396	48	48
		76	83	83
Publishing advertisements relating to betting on horse-rac		1	5	5
		28	19	19
Retting, unlawful		15	11	11
Following the occupation of bookmaker		235	179	179
		9	6	6
Trespass on racecourse	• •	73	74	73
Post and Telegraph Act				
			$^2$	2
Illegally opening or delaying postal packets		2	3	3
Stealing postal packets, mail-bags, &c.		83	53	52
Stealing money, &c., from postal packets		3	3	3
Unlawfully opening mail-bags	• •		11	11
	• •	13	5	$\frac{3}{23}$
	• •	49	$\frac{38}{3}$	23
Posting indecent post-cards or letters	• •	$\frac{5}{4}$	о 3	3
I di	• •	15	11	11
Misuse of telephone	•••	1.7	11	11
DESTITUTE PERSONS ACT		1 100	1 200	1 966
	• •	1,196	1,329	$1,266 \\ 1,565$
Failing for fourteen days to pay maintenance moneys	• •	$\frac{1,661}{12}$	$^{1,627}$	1,303
Offences by husbands while separation orders are in force Offences prescribed in sections 52 to 58 of Destitute Person	ns	3	3	3
Act				
Shipping and Seamen Act				
Misconduct endangering his ship or lives of persons thereo	on		2	2
		230	540	449
Absent without leave		27	85	70
Offences against discipline			6	6
		4	2	2
Stowing away	• •	13	31	31
LICENSING ACT				
Permitting drunkenness or violent conduct		3	3	3
Selling or supplying liquor to intoxicated persons		6		
Dormitting gaming gambling, &c			3	, 3
Selling or supplying liquor, or exposing for sale, or openii	ng	387	448	446
or keeping open premises at unauthorized times				
Supplying liquor to persons under twenty-one years		50	28	28
Solling or supplying liquor to prohibited persons		4	3	3
Unlawfully employing females in or about a bar	• •		3	3
Illegally supplying liquor to Natives	• •	208	139	135
		1	• •	

### APPENDIX A—continued

	1945.	. 18	946.
Offences.	Number of Offences reported.	Number of Offences reported.	Number of Offences in which Arrests or Summonses resulted.
LICENSING ACT—continued			
Obstructing Inspectors or refusing entrance to Inspectors or constables	1	1	1
Having or purchasing labels for bottling contrary to Act	1		
Using bottles with labels more than once	1		
Breaches of prohibition orders	171	140	140
Found on licensed premises after closing-hours	1,273	1,657	1,648
Refusing to quit licensed premises	8	19	19
Selling or exposing liquor for sale without a license	138	114	114
Found on premises where liquor was seized under a warrant	6	2	2
Offences against provisions in force in no-license districts	45	11	11
Selling, supplying, or giving liquor to Maoris in Native licensing districts	5	5	5
Offences against provisions of no-license in Native pro- claimed areas	20	10	10
Supplying liquor to Natives in proclaimed districts	455	422	417
Permitting consumption of liquor in restaurants after hours	11	16	16
In possession of liquor in vicinity of dance-halls, &c	1,218	1,752	1,749
Unlawful consumption or removal of liquor	118	466	466
Consuming liquor on a train, &c	6	15	15
Innkeeper failing to provide a meal for travellers	<b>4</b>		
Innkeeper refusing to supply accommodation	7	1 4	1 4
35			1
MOTOR-VEHICLES ACT	0~	40	4~
Causing death or bodily injury through reckless driving	35	49	45
Being intoxicated in charge of a motor-vehicle	222	339	339
Reckless or negligent driving	290	314	307
Other breaches of Act	4,279	3,937	3,905
MISCELLANEOUS			
Absconding from State institutions	30	17	17
Bankruptcy offences	7	6	6
Brothels or houses of ill fame, keeping, &c	1	2	2
Children, wilfully ill-treating, neglecting, abandoning, or exposing	9	22	20
Deserting or absenting from His Majesty's ships	63	27	27
Drunk or behaving in a violent or offensive manner, &c., on a railway, &c.	42	9	9
Failing to comply with conditions of release under Offenders Probation Act	113	130	121
Habitual criminals or offenders, breach of conditions of probationary license	5	11	11
Indecent Publications Act, offences under	7	3	2
Opium-smoking, &c	31	81	81
Smuggling	7	11	10
Trespassing on railway and refusing to leave, &c.	67	44	42
Arms Act, breaches of	289	385	383
Second-hand Dealers Act, breaches of	22	15	15
Distillation Act, breaches of	2		
·			
Totals	33,744	34,016	28,818
Increase		272	

APPENDIX B

RETURN SHOWING THE STRENGTH AND DISTRIBUTION OF THE NEW ZEALAND POLICE FORCE ON THE 31ST MARCH, 1947

		1	1		1	)		i		1		1	1
Districts.	Superintendents.	Inspectors.	Sub-Inspectors,	Senior Sergeants.	Sergeants.	Fermanent.	Temporary.	Senior Detectives.	Detective-Sergeants.	Detectives.	Acting-Detectives.	Total.	District Constables.
Whangarei Auckland Hamilton Gisborne Napier New Plymouth Wanganui Palmerston North Wellington Nelson Greymouth Christchurch Timaru Dunedin Invercargill	 1  1  2  1	1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	4 1   5  2	1 11 3 2 3 3 2 1 12 2 2 5 3 3 2 2	5 40 6 3 5 2 3 8 29 3 4 21 3 15 3	30 176 74 31 50 45 37 45 127 30 37 111 35 77 43	2 53 3 2  2 3  72  1 20 	 4 1  1  2  1 1	2 8 1 1 4 1 3 1 13 1 1 3 1 1 1 1	10 2 1  1 1  9 1 1 7 1 5	10	41 317 92 41 64 56 50 57 282 38 47 179 45 114 51	
Totals	6	16	12	55	150	948	167	14	42	39	25	1,474	1
Attached to Headquarters Lent to Cook Islands Administration Lent to Samoan Administration					2	1						8 1	
Lent to Niue Island Administration Lent to Navy Department On leave prior to retirement		··· 3			i	$\begin{bmatrix} 1\\2\\5 \end{bmatrix}$		  1				$\begin{array}{c c} & 1 \\ & 2 \\ & 10 \end{array}$	
Grand totals	6	20	12	55	153	962	167	16	42	39	25	1,497	1

APPENDIX C

Return showing the Proportion of Police to Population and Cost of Police per Inhabitant in each of the Undermentioned Places

4 2 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	Place.		Number of Police.	Estimated Population.	Proportion of Police to Population.	Cost of Police per Inhabitant	
New Zealand Victoria New South Wales Queensland South Australia Western Australia Tasmania		 	1,497 2,263 3,830 1,658 938 650 315	1,772,787 2,045,667 2,942,189 1,098,325 641,917 498,146 253,591	1 to 1,184 1 to 904 1 to 768 1 to 662 1 to 684 1 to 766 1 to 805	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	

APPENDIX D

RETURN SHOWING INCREASE IN PAY AND ALLOWANCES OF MEMBERS OF THE POLICE
FORCE SINCE 1ST AUGUST, 1935

		Pay, &c., per 1st August, 19		Scale of Pay, &c., per Annum at 31st March, 1947.						
Rank.	Pay.	House Allowance.	Total.	Pay.	House Allowance.	Overtime Allowance.	Total.			
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£			
Superintendent	521-562	91	612-653	700720	150	50	900-920			
Inspector	457 - 512	91	548-603	633-673	120	50	803-843			
Sub-Inspector	411 - 439	83	494-522	563-588	110	50	723-748			
Senior Sergeant and Senior Detective	351-368	71	422-439	478–503	100	79–81	657–684			
Sergeant and Detective-Sergeant	318-335	46	364–381	433–458	75	71–78	579-611			
Constable	251-292	36	287–328	348-413	65	53-67	466-545			

Detective allowance increased from £50 to £73 per annum; plain-clothes allowance increased from £16 15s. to £36 10s. per annum; boot allowance increased from £2 10s. to £4 per annum.

Approximate Cost of Paper.-Preparation, not given; printing (573 copies), £30

