2. Convention regarding commerce and navigation.

Signed at London 29 October 1834.

Convention adopted and confirmed, mutatis mutandis, treaty of 18 April 1825.

S.P. XXII, 151; Handbook 728; Hertslet IV, 534.

Yugoslavia

1. Treaty for the mutual extradition of fugitive criminals.‡

Signed at Belgrade 6 December 1900; ratifications exchanged 13 March 1901; terminable after six months' notice.

Extended to Western Samoa as from 1 November 1928 by exchange of notes at Belgrade 7 December 1927 and 27 August and 22 October 1928.

U.K.T.S. No. 8 (1901); S.P. XCII, 41; Hertslet XXI, 1185; L.N.T.S. L.XXXIII, 490.

2. Treaty of commerce and navigation.

Signed at London 12 May 1927; ratifications exchanged 9 February 1928; effective 9 February 1928; terminable after one year's notice.

Treaty does not apply to New Zealand, but under articles 30 and 31 products and manufactures of the self-governing dominions, India, colonies, possessions, protectorates and mandated territories enjoy most-favoured-nation treatment on the basis of reciprocity.

U.K.T.S. No. 6 (1928); S.P. CXXVI, 276; Handbook 732; L.N.T.S. LXXX, 165.

3. Convention respecting legal proceedings in civil and commercial matters.

Signed at London 27 February 1936; ratifications exchanged 18 June 1937; terminable after six months' notice.

New Zealand acceded, with effect from 13 February 1938, by exchange of notes at Belgrade 1 and 8 December 1938.

U.K.T.S. No. 28 (1937); L.N.T.S. CLXXXI, 241, 271.