taken in those cases of chronic or persistent default. The following tables show the numbers of accounts in arrear in relation to the total number of accounts current under the respective types of loans:

(1) Arrears as at 31st March, 1949, on Farm and Residential Loans

A				Ac	ecounts.	Arrears.		Percentage in Arrears
			Number.	Principal Outstanding.	Number.	Amount.	to Number of Accounts.	
Farm Residential				5,894 18,617	$\begin{array}{c} £ \\ 19,588,663 \\ 21,051,918 \end{array}$	110 630	£ 18,070 8,654	1 · 9 3 · 4
Totals	·			24,511	40,640,581	740	26,724	3.0

(2) Arrears as at 31st March, 1949, on Other Rehabilitation Loan Accounts

					ecounts.	Arrears.		Percentage in Arrears
				Number.	Principal Outstanding.	Number.	Amount.	to Number of Accounts.
				20.40~	£	9.050	£	10.4
Furniture				29,495	1,567,302	3,059	$\frac{22,691}{729}$	28.7
Tools of trade				321	5,243	92		
Business				3,532	1,934,431	426	27,916	12 · 1
Miscellaneous				197	45,789	15	184	7.6
Total	÷			33,545	3,552,765	3,592	51,520	10.7

The following table schedules the losses written off up to 31st March, 1949, in respect of loans granted to ex-servicemen:

www.			Year Ended March, 1949.	Total to Date.		
		Number	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	
			£		£	
Farm	 	30	11,017 2 9	63	15,787 10 11	
Residential	 	2	225 7 7	3	231 2 0	
Totals	 	32	11,242 10 4	66	16,018 12 11	
Business	 	27	4,450 10 4	79	11,632 15 11	
Furniture	 	21	789 15 10	58	$1,865 \ 13 \ 3$	
Tools of trade	 	6	92 - 2 - 3	18	201 - 6 - 6	
Miscellaneous	 			1	14 + 0 + 0	
Totals	 	54	5,332 8 5	156	13,713 15 8	