

LIST OF THE INDIGENOUS PTERIDOPHYTES AND SPERMOPHYTES—continued.

Species, Family, &c.	Maori Name.	English Name.	Distribution.			Remarks.
			Beyond New Zealand, or Endemic.	Within New Zealand.	In Stewart Island.	
SPERMOPHYTA—contd. SCROPHULARINACEAE—contd. <i>Ourisia sessilifolia</i> Hook. f...	..	Hairy ourisia ..	End. ..	S. ..	Subalpine meadow	Upper slopes of Mount Anglem. Not abundant.
— <i>caespitosa</i> Hook. f...	..	Creeping ourisia	End. ..	C. S. ..	Subalpine meadow	Upper slopes of Mount Anglem. Not abundant.
— <i>prorepens</i> Petrie (?)..	..	Petrie's ourisia	End. ..	S. ..	Subalpine meadow	Upper slopes of Mount Anglem. Rare. The identification is open to doubt.
— <i>modesta</i> * Diels	..	Tiny ourisia ..	End. ..	S. ..	Wet ground, lowland	Only noted in the Rakiahua Valley, but easily overlooked if not in bloom.
<i>Euphrasia Dyeri</i> Wetst.	Dyer's eye-bright	End. ..	S. ..	Subalpine meadow	"Near Port Pegasus, Kirk" (Cheeseman, 15, p. 556); Table Hill, fairly plentiful, but easily overlooked.
— <i>repens</i> Hook. f.	Snowy eye-bright	End. ..	S. ..	Coastal moor	Common, Dog and Centre Islands, and Ruapuke(?), but rare Stewart Island. Forms close soft cushions, which in December are white, with the rather large (for size of plant) blooms.
LENTABULARIACEAE. <i>Utricularia monanthos</i> Hook.f.	..	Common bladder-wort	Aus. ..	C. S. ..	Bogs ..	Common.
PLANTAGINACEAE. <i>Plantago Raoulii</i> Deene. ..	Kopakopa ..	Raoul's plantain	End. ..	N. C. S.	Peaty banks, near sea	Fairly common. On Dog Island and in some parts of Stewart Island is rapidly increasing, owing to the ease with which it reproduces itself by seed.
— <i>Brownii</i> Rapin	Brown's plantain	Aus. ..	C. S. ..	Subalpine meadow	Not abundant.
— <i>triandra</i> Berggr.	End. ..	S. ..	Subalpine meadow	Table Hill.
— var. <i>Hamil-tonii</i> (Kirk)	End. ..	S. ..	Peaty ground, near sea	Mason Bay, south end. On Centre Island the plants grow so closely as to form a hard smooth turf, to the exclusion of all other vegetation.
RUBIACEAE.						
<i>Coprosma lucida</i> Forst. f. ..	Karamu, patutiketike	Shining coprosma	End. ..	N. C. S.	Forest ..	Common.
— <i>rotundifolia</i> A. Cunn.	..	Round-leaved coprosma	End. ..	N. C. S.	Forest ..	Common.
— <i>areolata</i> Cheesem.	Thin-leaved coprosma	End. ..	N. C. S.	Forest ..	Fairly common.
— <i>rhamnoides</i> A. Cunn.	..	Red-fruited coprosma	End. ..	N. C. S.	Forest ..	Abundant.
— <i>parviflora</i> Hook. f.	Small-flowered coprosma	End. ..	N. C. S.	Forest, sub-alpine scrub	Fairly common.
— <i>ciliata</i> Hook. f.	Hairy coprosma	End. ..	C. S. Sub.	Subalpine scrub, forest	Fairly common. This is <i>C. parviflora</i> var. <i>pilosa</i> Cheesem., but it seems to me identical with <i>C. ciliata</i> Hook f. It is abundant on the western side of the Southern Alps.
— <i>ramulosa</i> Petrie	Straggling coprosma	End. ..	C. S.	Subalpine scrub	Mount Anglem; Table Hill, and probably on all the higher mountains.
— <i>acerosa</i> A. Cunn.	Dune coprosma	End. ..	N. C. S. Ch.	Dunes ..	Common.
— var.	End. ..	S. ..	Open ground	Port Pegasus; valleys head of Paterson Inlet.
— <i>propinqua</i> A. Cunn.	..	Common coprosma	End. ..	N. C. S. Ch.	Shrub-association, bank of rivers	Rakiahua and Freshwater Valleys; not common.
— <i>foetidissima</i> Forst. ..	Hapiro, karamu, pipiro	Stinkwood ..	End. ..	N. C. S. Ch.(?)	Forest, sub-alpine scrub	Abundant.
— <i>Colensoi</i> Hook. f.	Colenso's coprosma	End. ..	N. C. S.	Forest, sub-alpine scrub	Abundant. Thames mountains only in northern province.
— <i>Banksii</i> Petrie	Banks' coprosma	End. ..	C. S. ..	Forest, sub-alpine scrub	Not common. Abundant in the Longwood Forest, on the mainland.
— <i>retusa</i> Petrie	Retuse coprosma	End. ..	S. ..	Subalpine scrub	Table Hill.
— <i>cuneata</i> Hook. f.	Wedge-leaved coprosma	End. ..	C. S. Sub.	Subalpine scrub	Fairly common.
— <i>repens</i> Hook. f.	Alpine creeping coprosma	End. ..	C. S. Sub.	Bogs and meadow	Lowland to subalpine.
<i>Nertera depressa</i> Banks and Sol.	..	Fruiting duckweed	Aus., S.A., Tristan da Cunha	C. S. Sub.	Forests ..	Very common on ground and on fallen trees.