## Loss of Ships.

The losses of insulated tonnage since the commencement of the present war represented in terms of 60 lb. carcases of meat, are as follows:

Steamer.			Capacity:
			60 lb. Carcases.
S.s. "Kaipara"	 		 96,500
S.s. "Otaki"	 		 95,000
S.s. "Rotorua"	 		 99,000
S.s. "Tongariro"	 		 83,500
S.s. "Rangatira"	 		 97,800
S.s. ".Tokomaru"	 		 82,000
S.s. "Middlesex"	 		 102,000
S.s. "Port Nicholson"	 		 113,000
S.s. "Port Adelaide"	 		 113,000
S.s. "Marere"	 		 86,000
S.s. "Clan MacTavish"	 		 48,000
S.s. "Turakina"	 		 120,000
S.s. "Somerset"	 	:.	 95,000
S.s. "Roscommon"	 		 100,000
S.s. "Cumberland"	 		 123,000
S.s. "Delphic"	 		 93,000
S.s. "Limerick"	 		 100,000
S.s. "Port Kembla"	 		 65,000
S.s. "Hurumii"	 		 125,000
			1,836,800

In my report for the previous year the s.s. "Westmoreland" was included in the foregoing list, but it has since been ascertained that this vessel, although suffering as the result of enemy action, was subsequently repaired, and re-entered the Australasian trade.

Of the vessels mentioned in the above list only the s.s. "Rotorua," "Clan MacTavish," and "Hurunui" carried produce consigned to the Imperial Government, and the values of the cargo lost in each of these steamers were as follows:

•		"Rotorua."	"Clan MacTavish." £	" Hurunui." £
Meat		 89,991	$\boldsymbol{47,558}$	86,738
Wool		 221,625	• •	• •
Cheese		 102,318		302,069
Butter		 		194,953
Scheelite		 1,641		2,085
Canned ra	bbits	 		7,953
Frozen rab	obits	 	• •	4,759
		£415.575	£47.558	£598.557

The quantities of meat, cheese, and butter in store on the 31st March, 1916, 1917, 1918, and 1919, are given below, and show clearly the increase due to the shortage of shipping referred to above:—

Date.					Frozen Meat (60lb, Carcases).	Cheese (Crates).	Butter (Boxes).
and the second second							
31st March, 1916					2,152,250	73,927	87,678
31st March, 1917					2,409.541	185,417	224.506
31st March, 1918					3,398,364	363,790	350,315
31st March, 1919					6,482.529	474,754	93.729

The decrease in the number of boxes of butter held on the 31st March, 1919, was due to the exceptionally heavy shipments made during the months of February and March by direction of the Imperial Government.