## 1920. NEW ZEALAND

# THE POLICE FORCE OF THE DOMINION

(ANNUAL REPORT ON).

Presented to both Houses of the General Assembly by Command of His Excellency.

The Commissioner of Police to the Right Hon, the Minister in Charge of Police Department.

Police Department, Wellington, 1st August, 1920. I have the honour to present the annual report on the Police Force for the year ended the 31st March last.

#### STRENGTH OF FORCE.

On the 31st March last the number of permanent members of the Force of all ranks was 844, being an increase of 53 during the year. The total is made up as follows:—

${f Superintendents}$			 			 4
Inspectors			 			 11
${f Sub ext{-}Inspectors}$			 			 6
Senior Sergeants			 			 31
$\mathbf{Sergeants}$			 			 83
${f Constables}$			 			 671
Senior Detectives			 			 7
Detective-sergeant	ts		 			 16
Detectives			 			 15
In addition to the above	ve there w	vere				 
Police surgeons			 			 4
Matrons			 			 $\overline{7}$
District constable	s		 	***		 7
Native constables			 			5
			 		• • • •	 U

There were also 72 temporary constables appointed under section 2 of the Police Force Amendment Act, 1919: 40 of these were recruits undergoing a period of probationary service with a view to permanent appointment; the remaining 32 were temporary constables appointed during the war period who were over age or otherwise unsuitable for permanent appointment.

#### STATIONS.

New stations have been established at Lyall Bay (Wellington), Fortrose, and Waikiwi, and the stations at Panmure, Clyde Quay (Wellington), Globe Mine, Gladstone, and Tokonui have been closed.

On the 1st December last a new police district was established with headquarters at Timaru. It comprises 13 stations, of which 9 were formerly included in Christchurch District and 4 in Dunedin District.

#### CASUALTIES.

The following are the easualties for the year ended 31st March last: Retired on pension under the Public Service Superannuation Act, 10; retired as medically unfit, 3; died, 5; resigned voluntarily, 39; dismissed, 3: total, 60. This is 2 less than in the preceding year.

#### CRIMINAL STATISTICS.

The criminal statistics (Appendix Λ) deal with offences reported to the police during the year ended the 31st December last, and show an aggregate net increase of 4,010 on the figures of 1918. The proportion of offences to the population was 1.99 per cent., as against 1.75 the previous year. The principal increases during the year appear under the following headings, viz.:—

THE DITHOLDER (HOLORIOS (	rarring	the year app	car under the ronowing newarings,	
Assault, common		173		988
Theft (undescribed)		651	Using profane, indecent, or obscene language	253
Theft from dwellings		34	Vagrancy offences	196
House or shop breaking, &c.		161	Gaming offences	99
Mischief		156	Failing to provide maintenance for wives, &c.	396
Breach of the peace		117	Breach of prohibition order	372
There were decreases in t		owing:—		
Assault causing bodily harm		12	Selling liquor without a license	41
Burglary		102	Absconding from industrial schools	36
Receiving stolen property		34	Keeping brothels, &c	17
Theft of animals		20		

The following return shows the number of offences reported in each police district during the year, the number of cases in which arrests or summonses resulted, and the number in which no prosecution followed:—

	Police	District.			Number of Offences reported.	Number of Offences in which Arrests or Summonses resulted.	Number in which no Arrests or Summonses resulted.
Auckland				•••	5,532	5,331	201
Hamilton					2,148	2,048	100
Napier					1,959	1,887	72
Wanganui			• • •		1,624	1,574	50
Palmerston 1	Vorth				1,153	1,114	39
Wellington					4,995	4,721	274
Greymouth			•••		696	686	10
Christchurch					3,085	2,955	130
Timaru	•••				823	797	26
Dunedin					1,426	1,382	44
Invercargill	•••	•••	•••	•••	837	817	20
	Totals	•••	•••		24,278	23,312	966

The percentage of arrests or summonses resulting from offences reported during the year 1919 was 96.02, the figures of the preceding year being 94.62.

SERIOUS CRIMES.

The following is a return of the number of serious crimes as compared with the previous year:—

				19	18.	19	19.
Crimes				Number of Offences reported.	Number of Offences in which Arrests resulted.	Number of Offences reported.	Number of Offences in which Arrests resulted.
Arson				13	13	22	19
Robbery and aggravated rob	bery	•••	• • • •	6	5	5	4
Burglary, breaking into shop	os, dwe	ellings, &c.		406	326	521	426
Forgery and uttering		•••		82	76	112	104
Murder		•••		4	3	9	9
Murder, attempted				5	3	1	1
Rape				. 1	1 1	8	7
Receiving stolen property		•••		97	97	63	63
Wounding with intent	•••	•••		5	5	3	3
Totals		•••		619	529	744	636

Indecent and sexual offences were as under:-

Offer	nces.				1918.	1919.	
Unnatural offence			• •		3	2	
Unnatural offence, attempted					<b>2</b>	3	
Indecently assaulting a male					8	14	
T					4	3	
Indecent acts					<b>23</b>	28	
Concealment of birth					3	5	
Assault, indecent					83	72	
Rape					1	8	
Rape, attempted					6	2	
Carnally knowing girls					23	24	
Carnally knowing girls, attem	$_{ m pted}$				9	8	
Abortion, procuring, &c.	••				4	11	
Exposure of person and gross	ly inde	cent acts	• •		200	208	
Totals					369	388	

#### DRUNKENNESS.

There has been an increase of 988 in the number of prosecutions for drunkenness during the year as compared with the previous year.

The number charged with drunkenness in 1919 was 8,216 (7,758 males and 458 females), whereas in 1918 the number was 7,228 (6,733 males and 495 females).

The following return shows the number of prosecutions for drunkenness in each police district during the year 1919 as compared with 1918:—

Police Distri	ot.		Number of Prosecutions, 1918.	Number of Prosecutions, 1919.	Increase.	Decrease.
Auckland	••		1,159	1,610	451	
Hamilton			515	631	116	·
Napier			724	702	•••	22
Wanganui			<b>454</b>	500	<b>46</b>	
Palmerston North			389	394	5	
Wellington			2,050	2,240	190	
Greymouth			123	154	31	
Christchurch			875	912	37	
Timaru			<b>226</b>	336	110	
Dunedin			554	542		12
${\bf Invercargill}$			159	195	36	• •
Totals			7,228	8,216	1,022	34

From the following table it will be observed that 35.32 per cent. of the males and 60.04 per cent. of the females had previous convictions recorded against them, and 10.1 per cent. of the males were not permanent residents of the Dominion.

Return showing the Number of Persons charged with Drunkenness during the Year 1919, and the Number of Previous Convictions against them, so far as is known.

Police District.	Not p viou convi	sly	One i vious victi	Con-	Two vious viction	Con-	Three vious viction	Con-	Four vious victi	Con-	Five vious victi	Con-	Over Prev Convid	ious	Tota	1s.	mber of going who Members Crews of
	М.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F.	м.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F.	Numbe Foregoir Were Me of Cre
Auckland	903	42	191	21	118	18	77	11	39	9	25	5	127	24	1,480	130	224
Hamilton	508	18	47		30		11		3		4	٠.	10		613	18	
Napier	379	15	84	3	70	2	46		28	١	26		43	6	676	26	17
Wanganui	322	15	74	3	37	2	22		9		5	١	11		480	20	4
Palmerston North	275	6	40	5	20	1	9		5	4	4		25		378	16	
Wellington	1,456	70	259	35	123	11	62	21	40	15	37	2	106	3	2,083	157	297
Greymouth	117	1	14	1	4		5		4		3		5		152	2	
Christchurch	419	8	97	10	58	8	67	7	30	8	25	5	152	18	848	64	
Timaru	188		37		19		15		11		6	٠.	59	1	335	1	13
Dunedin	303		68	5	46	3	31	1	12	1	4		56	6	520	22	84
Invercargill	148	2	15	••	7		3	• •	4	•••	3	••	13	••	193	2	11
Totals	5,018	183	926	83	532	45	348	40	185	37	142	12	607	58	7,758	458	784

Return showing the Number of Persons arrested for Drunkenness within each Principal Centre during the Years 1918 and 1919, the Number convicted, the Number discharged or otherwise dealt with (Males and Females shown separately), and the Increase or Decrease in Arrests.

Centre.	Num arrested		Num arrested			Number discharged or otherwise dealt with, 1919.		Increase in Arrests.	in	
	М.	F.	M.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F.	M. and F.	M. and F.
Auckland and suburbs Wellington and suburbs Christchurch and suburbs Dunedin and suburbs	612 1,549 511 383	55 180 57 45	898 1,742 525 400	83 154 51 21	897 1,741 522 398	83 154 51 21	$\begin{matrix}1\\1\\3\\2\end{matrix}$		314 167 8 	  7
Totals	3,055	337	3,565	309	3,558	309	7	•••	489	7

Return showing the Number of Persons arrested for Drunkenness on Sundays within each Principal Centre during the Years 1918 and 1919 (Males and Females shown separately).

Centre.	Number arrested, 1918.		Number arrested, 1919.		Number convicted, 1919.		Number discharged or otherwise dealt with, 1919.	
	м.	F.	м.	F.	M.	F.	м.	F.
Auckland and suburbs Wellington and suburbs Christchurch and suburbs Dunedin and suburbs	21 63 8 2	2  2 	39 50 6 10	1 2 1 	39 50 6 10	1 2 1 		
Totals	94	4	105	- 4	105	4	•••	•••

The following table shows the convictions for drunkenness per ten thousand of the population for each year from 1914 to 1918 in Australia and New Zealand:—

	1914.	1915.	1916.	1917.	1918.
Commonwealth	139.9	126.6	102.5	93.0	86.1
New Zealand	120.6	117.9	97.3	78.3	63.5

#### PROSECUTIONS AGAINST HOTELKEEPERS.

The number of prosecutions (488) against hotelkeepers during the year shows a decrease of 127 as compared with the preceding year.

Return showing the Number of Prosecutions against Hotelkeepers in each District during the Year 1919 as compared with 1918, the Number convicted, and the Number discharged or otherwise dealt with.

	Di	istrict.			Prosecutions, 1918.	Prosecutions, 1919.	Convictions, 1919.	Discharged or otherwise dealt with, 1919.
Auckland					56	49	22	27
TT 11		· · ·			20	18	7	11
Manion					35	65	49	16
Wanganui					128	111	53	58
Palmerston	North	•••			24	35	23	12
Wellington	•••				110	78	51	27
Greymouth					123	58	29	29
Christchurc	h		. • •		59	24	19	- 5
$\mathbf{T}$ imaru						11	4	7
Dunedin			• • •		33	10	7	3
Invercargill	•••	•••	. • • •	•••	27	29	20	9
	Totals		•••		615	488	284	204

Return showing the Number of Prosecutions against Hotelkeepers within each Principal Centre during the Year 1919 as compared with 1918, the Number convicted, and the Number discharged or otherwise dealt with.

Centre.			Prosecutions, 1918.	Prosecutions, 1919.	Convictions, 1919.	Discharged or otherwise dealt with, 1919.
Auckland and suburbs			19	22	8	14
Wellington and suburbs Christchurch and suburbs	• • •	•••	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{vmatrix} 15 \\ 9 \end{vmatrix}$	8	7
Dunedin and suburbs	•••		24	2	1	1
Totals	•••		105	48	23	25

SLY-GROG SELLING.

There were 50 prosecutions during the year for selling liquor without a license, resulting in 41 convictions, and there were also 64 prosecutions, resulting in 45 convictions, for other offences against the provisions of the Licensing Act in force in no-license districts.

The fines imposed on sly-grog sellers during the year 1919 amounted to £1,820, as against £1,396 in 1918.

The amount of	fines in th	e various	districts	are a	s follows :		£
Auckland		,					355
${f Hamilton}$	• • • •					 	830
Napier						 	200
Wanganui						 	210
${f Palmerston}$	${f North}$					 	20
Wellington	,					 	110
Greymouth						 	
Christchure	h					 	5
$\operatorname{Timaru}$						 	40
$\mathbf{Dunedin}$						 	
Invercargil	l					 	50
6				• • •		 • • • •	
	Total				•••	 	£1,820

The direct cost to the Department in detecting and prosecuting sly-grog sellers during the year was £495, this being £1,325 less than the amount of fines imposed.

#### GAMING OFFENCES.

There were 324 prosecutions, resulting in 224 convictions, during the year under the Gaming Act, against 225 prosecutions and 176 convictions in 1918.

#### CRIMINAL REGISTRATION BRANCH.

During the year the finger-impressions of 2,686 prisoners were received, classified, and filed, being an increase of 453 on the previous year; 176 prisoners were identified as previous offenders in this Dominion, Australia, England, &c.; 1,130 photographs were taken by the photographers attached to this branch; the portraits of 1,524 prisoners were dealt with; and 448 photographs of discharged prisoners were reproduced in the *Police Gazette*.

On the 31st March the finger-print collection consisted of the impressions of 23,686 offenders,

being an increase of 1,354 over the previous year.

The value of the finger-print system of identification has been shown during the year in several criminal cases, the most noteworthy being that of the murder of the Postmaster at Ponsonby, Auckland. In this case finger-prints found on a cash-box in the Ponsonby Post-office, which had been broken into, were identified at the Criminal Registration Branch within twenty-four hours of receipt, and led to the arrest of the offender. The finger-print evidence formed the principal link of the chain of circumstantial evidence upon which the accused was subsequently convicted of murder and executed.

In another case a set of prints was received in the ordinary course, and some of the impressions were discovered to be identical with those on a piece of glass found eighteen months previously at the scene of the breaking and entering of a large drapery emporium. The identity of the finger-prints was the principal evidence in this case, and a conviction resulted.

The following table shows the increase of the finger-print collection since the introduction

of the finger-print system of identification in March, 1903:—

			Year.			ļ	Number of Prints in Collection.	Increase on Previous Year.	Prisoners traced as Previous Offenders.
1904	•••						3,500	3,500	117
1905		• • •					4,200	700	72
1906		•••					5,000	800	88
1907		•••					6,151	1,151	104
1908							7,622	1,471	123
1909							8,718	1,096	138
1910			•••	•••			9,919	1,201	140
1911		• • •		•••	•••		10,905	986	148
1912		•••	•••	•••			12,097	1,192	178
1913				•••			13,552	1,455	183
1914				•••			15,302	1,750	230
1915							16,682	1,380	270
1916		•••		•••			18,134	1,452	218
1917	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	19,508	1,374	166
1918	• • •	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	20,982	1,474	132
$1910 \\ 1919$	••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	20,332 $22,332$	1,350	153
		•••	•••	•••	• • • •	.		1	
1920	• • •	•••	• • •	• • •	• • •	•••	<b>23,6</b> 86	1,354	176

#### CANDIDATES FOR FORCE.

One hundred and thirteen men were permanently appointed to the Force during the year, their birthplaces, religions, and occupations being as follows: Birthplaces—New Zealand, 75; England, 11; Scotland, 8; Ireland, 13; Australia, 6. Religions—Church of England, 42; Presbyterian, 40; Roman Catholic, 27; Methodist, 3; Baptist, 1. Occupations—Asylumattendants, 2; artilleryman, 1; bakers, 5; bacon-curer, 1; blacksmiths, 2; bricklayer, 1; butcher, 1; carters, 2; carpenters, 5; clerks, 5; coach-driver, 1; custodian, 1; drainage inspector, 1; ex-constables, 13; engine-driver, 1; farrier, 1; farm labourers, 19; gardener, 1; grocer, 1; labourers, 22; machinists, 2; miners, 5; motorman, 1; motor mechanic, 1; moulder, 1; painters, 2; plumber, 1; sawmill hands, 3; seamen, 3; shepherd, 1; steward, 1; storeman, 1; taxi-driver, 1; timber-measurer, 1; tram-conductor, 1; traveller, 1; warder, 1.

Included in the above are 43 men who served as temporary constables during the war and were considered suitable for permanent appointment, also 13 ex-constables who resigned to join the Expeditionary Force and were reinstated in their former positions in terms of section 6 of the Police Force Amendment Act, 1919.

#### POLICE BUILDINGS, ETC.

The following works in connection with police-stations have been carried out during the year by the Public Works Department:—

New buildings erected: Raetihi, Lower Hutt, Oamaru.

Properties purchased: Freeman's Bay, Fendalton, Duntroon, Greytown, Lyall Bay, Mornington, Terrace End, Seddon, Waikiwi, Dunedin (Superintendent's residence), Palmerston North (Inspector's residence), Wanganui (Inspector's residence), Picton (constable's residence).

Sites acquired: Blenheim, Dannevirke, Upper Hutt, Petone.

Alterations, improvements, &c., were effected at Auckland, Christchurch, Dargaville, Fitzroy, Hamilton, Hampden, Johnsonville, Kimbolton, Lawrence, Manaia, Mount Cook (Wellington), Mosgiel, New Plymouth, Ohakune, Otaki, Patea, Port Awanui, Palmerston North, Papanui, Phillipstown, Timaru, Waitara, Wakefield, and Whangarei.

#### GROWTH OF DEPARTMENT.

The following return shows the growth of the Department, the continued increase of the population, and the total number of offences (irrespective of by-laws offences) reported, and in which arrests or summonses resulted, each year since 1877, prior to which date each province in the Dominion had its own Police Force, and reliable data are not available:—

Year.	Officers.	Non-commissioned Officers.	Detectives.	Constables.	Total.	Police to Population.	Cost per Inhabit- ant.	Population.	Offences reported.	Offences where Arrests or Summonses resulted.	Arrests for Drunkenness (included in "Offences reported").
1878 1879 1880 1881 1882 1883 1884 1885 1886 1887 1890 1891 1892 1893 1894 1895 1896 1897 1898 1899 1900 1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908 1909 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914	\$\frac{1}{25}\$   \$\frac{25}{25}\$   \$\frac{13}{13}\$   \$\frac{13}{	90 84 65 72 70 65 66 69 65 66 66 65 55 1 1 45 65 35 56 65 59 55 71 88 78 88 78 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 99	14 16 21 18 19 20 17 17 18 18 17 17 13 14 14 13 13 12 16 15 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	329 364 379 337 343 356 365 372 390 395 388 389 403 401 407 410 416 414 453 457 475 499 504 514 522 534 553 557 577 604 633 639 648 692 695 719	458 489 5111 441 447 461 465 474 494 486 482 481 485 487 484 517 536 554 554 554 665 667 699 734 771 775 788 835 846 870	1 to 944 1 to 948 1 to 949 1 to 1,136 1 to 1,158 1 to 1,263 1 to 1,263 1 to 1,265 1 to 1,328 1 to 1,347 1 to 1,346 1 to 1,347 1 to 1,401 1 to 1,439 1 to 1,472 1 to 1,495 1 to 1,461 1 to 1,435 1 to 1,359 1 to 1,381 1 to 1,388 1 to 1,375 1 to 1,381 1 to 1,385 1 to 1,385 1 to 1,380 1 to 1,308 1 to 1,308	-urendo ton 3/02/23/41/2 2/100 101 3/02/22/21/200 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101	432,352 463,572 484,939 500,976 517,626 540,753 587,295 613,212 625,849 635,215 664,855 668,353 675,775 692,426 714,258 728,121 740,699 754,016 768,910 783,317 796,359 816,290 830,800 851,068 875,648 900,682 925,605 961,604 977,215 1,008,373 1,030,657 1,050,410 1,075,250 1,102,389 1,134,506	14,157 16,374 17,837 16,635 18,613 18,775 18,263 18,955 17,752 12,945 13,115 12,674 13,153 13,165 13,530 14,010 14,673 15,219 16,378 16,865 18,358 19,909 19,771 20,736 21,066 20,249 21,160 23,204 23,510 23,930 25,106 24,999 25,981 25,415 27,563	13,959 14,696 16,723 15,212 17,470 17,727 17,322 17,723 17,000 16,500 11,854 11,885 12,177 11,748 12,187 12,100 12,435 13,171 14,042 14,730 15,561 17,131 18,742 18,802 19,867 20,118 19,251 20,241 22,244 22,2484 22,2484 22,2484 22,484	reported ").  6,668 6,794 6,484 5,587 6,860 7,572 7,151 7,034 6,260 5,226 5,387 5,444 5,866 5,416 5,360 5,251 4,594 4,636 5,251 4,594 4,636 5,204 5,532 6,289 7,299 8,057 8,269 8,815 9,615 8,707 9,210 10,203 10,343 10,657 11,718 11,699 11,884 11,707 13,189
1915 1916 1917 1918 1919 1920	19 19 20 20 20 21	100 104 108 111 112 114	37 36 36 38 41 38	755 757 734 732* 705* 743*	911 916 898 901 878 916	1 to 1,257 1 to 1,258 1 to 1,280 1 to 1,274 1 to 1,319 1 to 1,325	$4/1$ $4/2\frac{3}{4}$ $4/3$ $4/6\frac{1}{2}$ $5/2\frac{1}{2}$	1,145,840 1,152,669 1,150,002 1,147,391 1,158,156 1,214,184	28,412 24,920 21,724 19,067 24,278	27,096 23,848 20,701 18,043 23,312	13,268 10,833 8,800 7,228 8,216

<sup>\*</sup> Includes temporary constables.

#### GENERAL.

On the 22nd August, 1919, the Hon. T. M. Wilford, Minister of Justice, resigned, and the administration of the Police Force was assumed by the Right Hon. W. F. Massey, P.C., Prime Minister.

The policy of establishing new police districts, thereby reducing the areas under the supervision of officers to more reasonable proportions, is proving to be satisfactory. In December, 1919, a new district, containing thirteen stations, with Inspector's headquarters at Timaru, was set up under the charge of Inspector Hastie. Another, including the North Auckland district, with headquarters at Whangarei, was established on the 1st May ultimo under the charge of Inspector Mullany. With some increases in the strength of these new districts it is hoped that much closer attention to the public wants will result, as well as increased efficiency on the part of the men.

The greatest numerical strength of the Force was attained in 1916, when the number was 916. Cessation of recruiting during the war caused a reduction, until in 1919 the number was 878. On the 31st March, 1920, the number again reached the record, 916. In my report of last year I drew attention to the superior advantages offered by the Police Force as an employment and a career. Recruiting has gone on steadily, and on this date the number of men of all ranks in the Force is 947, notwithstanding resignations for various causes, some due to the allegedly better conditions in other employments. In this connection I may mention that a large proportion of those who resigned for that reason have made application for reappointment.

In 1918 and 1919 two increments of 1s. 6d. per day each were granted to all non-commissioned officers and constables. This increase, designed to meet the abnormal cost of living which developed during the Great War, seemed at the time to be liberal and satisfactory. As time went on, however, the cost of rent and commodities did not decrease, but rather increased at a greater and faster ratio, and applications for further increases in pay were received. A substantial increase seemed to be justified, and recommendation was made accordingly. I am confident that the claim will be met in the same generous manner as before. Though recruiting has greatly improved, yet for various reasons, generally well understood, the Police Department, like some other public Departments, has not received additions fast enough to meet the demands for new establishments in growing centres and districts, or for additions to stations whose staffs have become inadequate owing to local increase of population. I have no doubt that the increase of pay, which I understand is about to be granted, will sufficiently stimulate recruiting to enable the Department to meet all reasonable requirements of the public at an early date. This the Department is most anxious to do.

In my report for 1919 I drew attention to the housing difficulty, which affects the police in common with other citizens. I pointed out the difficulties in administration caused by the existing conditions in that respect. The policy of purchasing suitable properties has been steadily pursued when opportunity offered during the interval, and many satisfactory purchases have been made of buildings—some for the purpose of police-stations, and some for the accommodation of officers, non-commissioned officers, and constables. It is proper to state here that though many other suitable properties have been offered, yet they were declined because the purchase would involve the expulsion of tenants in residence. In no case has any house been purchased except where the owner was the tenant or the house unoccupied. A satisfactory beginning has been made, but a great deal more must be done to house and equip the Department and its members, and I trust the policy above indicated will be steadily pursued while necessary. In this connection I beg to draw special attention to the necessity for devising a comprehensive scheme of house accommodation for the married men stationed in the cities and large towns in proximity to their stations. It is of urgent and vital importance that this should be done as early as possible, and I trust that, in the general project of house-building which the Government has in hand, this matter will, if possible, be included.

I beg to draw attention again to the overburdening of the police with the work of other Departments. The paucity of police would not be acute with existing numbers but for that cause. Responsible officers are constantly complaining about it, and the public complain about police shortcomings without understanding its cause. The remedy generally seems to be to increase the strength of the Police Force until it is capable of meeting its own duties adequately as well as the duties required by other Departments.

Early this year it was announced that His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales would visit this Dominion. His Royal Highness arrived at Auckland on the 24th April ultimo in H.M.S. "Renown," and commenced a tour of the country from Auckland to Invercargill, and departed from Lyttelton for Australia on the 22nd May. Immense enthusiasm marked every stage of the tour. The intensity of the feeling exhibited and the demonstrations of loyalty aroused by the presence of the Prince gave evidence of the immense strength and depth and breadth of the attachment of the people to the King and Royal Family. It is certain that the visit has strengthened the sentiments governing the relation of the Royal Family to the people. The hundreds of thousands of people who attended the organized welcomes to the Prince are not likely ever to forget what they felt, and saw, and heard on these occasions. It is my good fortune to be able to record that no accident or casualty of any kind arising out of the arrangements for the Prince's reception has been reported. This is undoubtedly due in great measure to the very careful and perfect arrangements made by the local bodies, who in all cases courteously and fittingly invited the co-operation and assistance of the police officers in preparing the plan of reception and the regulation of the traffic and crowds. It only remained, therefore, for the police to see that details so pre-arranged were carried out when the Prince arrived at each place named in the itinerary. This was done as nearly as possible, and there is reason to believe with entire satisfaction to all concerned.

The tragic death of Constable V. Dudding, who was shot while in execution of duty on the 6th October, 1919, focussed public attention upon the unsatisfactory provision existing for the compensation or relief of the widows and children of members of the Police Force who lose their lives, or their health or fitness for further service, through the execution of their duty. Parliament being in session at the time, prompt action was taken by the Government to provide a

remedy, and within a month after the event mentioned the Finance Act was passed containing a clause (14) making the same provision for the police as for soldiers who had taken part in the war as members of the Expeditionary Forces. This measure has given great satisfaction to the Force in general. Under it several cases have already been relieved, its application being retrospective.

Those members of the Force who resigned, joined the Expeditionary Force, and were reappointed constables on their return to the Dominion, have been restored to their former position on the seniority list, and their superannuation rights have been revived, as authorized by the Police Force Amendment Act, 1919, in fulfilment of the assurance of the Department given in my report for 1919. The Government, with characteristic generosity, contributed the amount of their superannuation premiums which

were payable during their absence.

The same Act made permanent provision for the appointment of temporary constables when required. Advantage has been taken of that power to appoint recruits as temporary constables for a period of probation—generally three months—and in that way the Act has given relief to the Department. This course was expedient owing to the fact that the training-depot has been closed since December, 1916. Arrangements are now being made to reopen it, and the former and more satisfactory method of training recruits for several months before approval and appointment

The Act also enabled temporary constables appointed for service during the war and for twelve months thereafter to be retained in their positions indefinitely while fit for service. There are twenty-five of these men still remaining.

The good conduct of the Force in general has been well maintained.

REPORTS OF OFFICERS IN CHARGE OF DISTRICTS.

Extracts from the annual reports of officers in charge of districts are hereto annexed.

Commissioner of Police.

## EXTRACTS FROM ANNUAL REPORTS OF OFFICERS IN CHARGE OF DISTRICTS.

#### SUPERINTENDENT WRIGHT, AUCKLAND DISTRICT.

The authorized strength on the 31st March last was-1 Superintendent, 2 Inspectors, 1 Sub-Inspector, 3 Senior Sergeants, 21 sergeants, 147 constables, 1 Senior Detective, 3 detective-sergeants, 7 detectives: total, 186. In addition there were 2 matrons, 1 police surgeon, 4 district constables, and 4 Native constables.

The only increase during the year has been 1 Inspector at Whangarei, 1 sergeant for night

duty at Auckland, and I detective at Auckland.

Since March, 1916, the only increase to the authorized strength has been 1 Inspector, 2 sergeants, and 1 detective. This has been due to the fact that during the war recruiting was

so restricted that it was impossible to fill the strength, let alone increase it.

The strength should now be increased as early as possible by the addition of 10 constables and 2 detectives for the city, 1 constable for Mount Eden, 1 constable for Newmarket, 1 sergeant and I constable for Freeman's Bay, 2 constables for the wharf, I constable for Dargaville, I constable for Onehunga, 1 detective and 3 constables for Whangarei, making a total of 1 sergeant, 3 detectives, and 20 constables. This addition will only satisfy the present pressing need. Under prevailing conditions every member of the Force, especially in the city, has to work strenuously, and it is very difficult to arrange for necessary leave being granted. The increase recommended for the city is required to cope with the growing population and work devolving on the police; the same reason applies to Dargaville and Onehunga. The increase at Whangarei is necessitated by the establishing of the Whangarei Police District under an Inspector. A detective is required there to attend to cases arising in the north, as under present conditions considerable delay is occasioned in sending one from Auckland, and his efforts are handicapped accordingly. the constables for Whangarei is required as a district clerk, the other two to enable night duty to be performed there and have a constable on reserve for station duty, relieving, &c. it is essential that night duty should be regularly performed in a place like Whangarei.

No new stations have been formed during the year, and the only one closed was Panmure. New quarters have been purchased for a police-station at Freeman's Bay and are now occupied.

The casualties during the year have been—Deaths, 2 constables; resigned, 7 constables and 1 detective-sergeant; superannuated, 1 Senior Sergeant, 1 sergeant, 2 constables, and 1 district

The offences return for 1919 shows that 5,532 offences were reported during that year, as compared with 4,534 for the previous twelve months, a net increase of 998. Noticeable increases are observed under the headings of—Assaults (55), theft (166), housebreaking (21), drunkenness (451), obscene language (75), vagrancy (49), gaming (55), failing to maintain (70), and breaches of prohibition orders (128). Decreases are shown under the following headings: Theft from dwellings (20), false pretences (21), burglary (13), receiving stolen property (26), mischief (64),

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found in gaming-house (72). The increases are only what might be expected considering the increase of population during the year, and do not indicate any abnormal growth of crime in the district, which has, with few exceptions, been comparatively free from crime of a serious

Of the total number of offences reported, 96 per cent. have been accounted for either by arrest or summons

At the Supreme Court 160 persons were committed for trial or sentence, of whom 118 were subsequently convicted.

There were 18 prosecutions for sly-grog selling, resulting in 16 convictions, during the year,

a decrease of 7 cases as compared with the previous year.

The conduct of the police during the year has been very satisfactory, and although an enormous amount of extra work has been thrown upon them in consequence of the war and resulting regulations it has been well and cheerfully performed. Complaints from the public against members of the Force have been exceedingly rare, and there have been none of a serious nature.

Recruiting of late has improved, but the pay does not attract as many as desired owing to

the high wages ruling outside the Force.

A serious matter that affects the efficiency of the Force is the difficulty married men have in obtaining houses both in the city and country towns, and I think the time has arrived when proper provision should be made for purchasing suitable properties in all towns where the police are likely to be permanently required. Members of the Force on transfer have the greatest difficulty in obtaining even second-rate and unsuitable dwellings, and the difficulty of carrying out transfers which are essential to the proper government of the service is a serious drawback.

#### INSPECTOR SHEEHAN, HAMILTON DISTRICT.

The authorized strength on the 31st March, 1920, was—1 Inspector, 3 Senior Sergeants,

1 detective-sergeant, 5 sergeants, 61 constables, 2 Native constables, 1 district constable.

No increase in strength has taken place during the year, and, owing to the shortage of men to fill vacancies, headquarters station is working two men short of its strength, and Waihi Station is in the same position.

Increases in strength are required as follows:—

Hamilton Station, one detective. A second detective is required to cope with the increasing

important inquiry work.

Frankton Junction, one constable. As pointed out last year, a second constable is much required owing to the large increase in railway traffic, and for the patrolling of the portion of borough which is becoming thickly populated.

Rotorua Station, one constable. With the addition of one constable to the present staff a proper system of night duty could be carried out, as it cannot be done with the present staff. I would urge the necessity of this addition at this station.

A sergeant should be stationed at Tauranga in charge of that subdistrict, and unless some alteration is made in respect of the Court work at Whakatane a sergeant will also be required there in the near future.

A permanent constable is much required at Tancatua since the granting of an accommodation license at that place over a year ago, and in view of the construction of large railway-works in connection with the East Coast Railway and the prospects of opening up bush lands in the neighbourhood shortly. The Urewera country is also easiest of access through Taneatua.

A new station is very much required at Matamata. The population is increasing rapidly,

and the district is highly progressive. The Department possesses land suitable for building on in the township.

With the increasing land-settlement and railway-construction works in progress Ohura will soon require the services of a constable.

Piopio is also a centre where the services of a permanent constable will shortly be required. There is also the question of the hydro-electric-power supply from Horahora or its vicinity. When the labour and material required for the work are obtainable and the work in full swing a large number of men will be employed in this undertaking, and I anticipate that a constable, or perhaps two, will be required where the principal camps are pitched.

One constable resigned during the year, and one district constable was retired. The offences return for 1919 shows that 2,148 offences were reported, as compared with 1,560 for the previous year, an increase of 588. Increases appear under the following heads: Assault, 37; theft, 120; theft from dwellings, 16; false pretences, 32; house and shop breaking, 20; forgery, 7; mischief, 40; breach of the peace, 59; obscene language, 82; failing to maintain, 41; drunkenness, 116. Decreases appear under the following principal headings: Indecent acts, 9; indecent

assault, 13; cruelty to animals, 20; obstructing police, 22; selling liquor without a license, 20.

The increase in the number of offences as compared with the previous year is large. A large proportion of the offences under the headings "Theft," "Theft from dwellings," and "Shopbreaking" was committed by gangs of boys who for some time successfully covered up their acts but in the end were detected and dealt with. The general increase may be ascribed to the increase of population throughout the whole district, and the increase in the amount of construction-works in progress employing large numbers of men.

During the year the district has been very free of offences coming under the heading of

serious crime.

Sly-grog selling still obtains in the King-country, but during the past year it has been kept well in check, and the police concerned have worked strenuously to abate the nuisance. Fines amounting to £830 were imposed for this offence during the year.

With the exception of a few slight breaches of discipline, the conduct of members of the Force, particularly the older members, has been exemplary.

#### INSPECTOR MARSACK, NAPIER DISTRICT.

On the 1st September, 1919, I arrived at Napier on transfer from Wellington, and took charge of this district, in succession to Superintendent McGrath.

On the 31st March the authorized strength of the Force in this district was 68 of all ranks, made up as follows: 1 Inspector, 1 Sub-Inspector, 2 Senior Sergeants, 6 sergeants, 53 constables, 2 detective-sergeants, 1 detective, 2 temporary constables. The actual strength on same date was 64, there being a shortage of 1 sergeant, 2 constables, and 1 detective-sergeant.

The establishment of a new station at Petane is urgently required. The railway-works in progress in that vicinity have entailed the forming of several camps of workers along the different sections of construction, which require constant supervision. The existing station at Taradale is too far away from this portion of the subdistrict for its efficient supervision, and frequently complaints needing immediate attention are received at the Napier Station, entailing considerable expenditure in motor-hire. I would recommend that the present unwieldy Taradale subdistrict be divided and a new station opened at Petane. I would also recommend the reopening of the station at Nuhaka as early as possible, the township being too distant from Wairoa for efficient supervision.

There were no deaths or dismissals during the year, but 4 constables resigned from the service. The offences return shows that the total number of all offences reported for the past year was 1,959, an increase of 47 over that of the preceding year. Of this number, 1,887 cases were dealt with by the Courts, leaving 72 undetected cases. There has been a somewhat noticeable increase in sexual offences, the figures showing an increase in cases of this class of 28 over last year's return. However, it is satisfactory to record that in each case the offender was brought to justice. There were also increases in the following offences: Mischief, 37; breach of the peace or behaviour with intent, 34; drunk and disorderly, 12; using profane, indecent, or obscene language, 16; assaulting, obstructing, or resisting constables, 22; failing to maintain wife or children, 21; failing for fourteen days to pay maintenance-moneys, 16; illegally supplying liquor to Natives, 11. The principal decreases were—Theft (undescribed), 42; false pretences, 13; burglary, 20; drunkenness, 22; gaming with instruments, 20; selling or supplying liquor to prohibited persons, 13; breaches of prohibition orders, 17.

There has been no crime of a very serious nature during the year. Three persons were committed for trial for manslaughter, the offences in each case resulting from the reckless driving of motor vehicles. In each case the persons committed were acquitted by the jury.

The general conduct of the police has been good, with the exception of a few minor breaches of the Police Regulations, which have been dealt with by small fines or cautions. An excellent esprit de corps exists between the members of the uniform and detective branches of the service, each mutually assisting the other in the execution of their duties. The members of the Force stationed on the East Coast have been especially active in enforcing compliance with the licensing laws in the Maori districts, and have obtained several convictions, entailing substantial penalties.

I would endorse and repeat my predecessor's recommendation in his annual report of 1917 that the licensing laws be amended to the effect that it should be an offence for a Native in a proclaimed area to be found in possession of liquor off licensed premises; also that power be granted the police to search Natives suspected of having liquor in their possession, and to seize the same, without warrant.

The introduction of the Police Offences Amendment Act of 1919 as regards the illegal use of horses and motor vehicles is having a salutary effect, and complaints of cars having been so taken have considerably decreased.

#### INSPECTOR HENDREY, WANGANUI DISTRICT.

The authorized strength of the district is—1 Inspector, 1 Sub-Inspector, 2 Senior Sergeants, 4 sergeants, 47 constables, 1 district constable, 1 detective-sergeant, and 1 detective: a total of 58 of all ranks.

A new station is required at Breakwater, New Plymouth, and also at Castlecliff, Wanganui. At both these places the population is increasing, and a resident constable is very necessary at each place. Increase of strength is also required at New Plymouth, Stratford, Hawera, Wanganui, and Taihape. At each of these towns population continues to increase, and it is necessary that the strength should be increased, so that stronger night patrols can be arranged at these places.

I beg to recommend the following increases:—

Two constables at New Plymouth, which would enable two men to be on night duty all the year round. The present strength only allows one constable for night-duty purposes, and this is not sufficient.

One constable at Stratford, where the present strength permits one constable for night duty up to 1 a.m.; during the rest of the night there is no police protection, and an increase of one would permit of an all-night patrol, which the size and importance

of this town requires.

An increase of two constables at Hawera, which would provide a continuous police patrol day and night. At present there is only a police patrol up to midnight or 1 a.m.; the rest of the night there is no patrol, and Hawera is growing so rapidly that a continuous police patrol is absolutely essential.

An increase of three constables is required at Wanganui, so that at least three constables may be available for night duty. This town is a most important centre—the fifth town in the Dominion—and the population is rapidly increasing; the business area

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of the town is spreading out, and the two men who at present patrol the town are not able to give that supervision that a town of the size of Wanganui demands. The time is soon coming when a sergeant for night-duty purposes will also be required here.

An increase of two men is required at Taihape, which is increasing in population and as a trading centre. It is on the border of the King-country no-license area, and a considerable influx of hard-drinking and sometimes undesirable individuals weekly visit Taihape. Last year 219 offenders were handled by the sergeant and his two constables. The station has a large country area to be policed, which takes up almost the whole of the time of one constable, so that the town work is mostly done by the sergeant and one constable. This town should have a continuous patrol through the night. At present the police patrol up to midnight, which is not sufficient. Comparing the offences dealt with by the Taihape police (219), New Plymouth had a total of 150 offences, Hawera a total of 173 offences, Stratford a total of 63 offences, Wanganui a total of 596 offences; so that the claim that Taihape requires increased police protection is very real.

While urging that the increases recommended at the different towns are very necessary, the lack of housing-accommodation makes the question a difficult one to deal with at present. While there are quarters at New Plymouth and Wanganui for single men, at these towns, and at Stratford, Hawera, and Taihape, it is quite impossible to secure houses for married men. I beg to strongly urge that the Department build houses to provide decent accommodation for their staff. At present no man knows how long he will be permitted to continue in the house he occupies; some men have to pay high rents for houses that are barely fit for habitation, and some of the men have had to scatter their families amongst friends and themselves occupy single men's quarters. All this tends to unsettle the men, and certainly does not help to secure that efficiency

that is necessary in a Department like the Police.

Casualties during the year were 4-viz., 1 sergeant and 1 constable retired on superannua-

tion, and 2 constables resigned.

The offences return for the year ended 31st December, 1919, shows that a total of 1,624 offences were reported during the year, of which 1,574 were detected and dealt with. This shows an increase of all offences reported of 221 on the number of offences reported during the previous year. The principal increases are as follows: Assaults (common), 20; theft (undescribed), 49; drunkenness, 46; vagrancy, 37; gaming offences, 48; failing to maintain wives and children, 36; selling or exposing or opening licensed premises at unauthorized times, 25; offences against provision of no-license in Native proclaimed area, 35. The principal decreases are in—Assaults causing actual bodily harm, 19; burglary, 25; assaults and resisting police, 45.

Two girls were prosecuted, one for murder and one for manslaughter of their newly born

infants, but in both cases bills were ignored by the grand jury.

The district has been quiet and fairly free from serious crime.

With a few exceptions the conduct of the members of the Force in this district has been

excellent. Three constables were punished for offences against the regulations.

Sly-grog selling still continues at Ohakune, Raetihi, and Mokau. Fines for this offence imposed during the year amounted to £210, as compared with £170 imposed during the year 1918. The constables at these stations are vigilant, and, generally speaking, manage to detect and bring offenders before the Court for punishment.

## INSPECTOR MACKINNON, PALMERSTON NORTH DISTRICT.

The strength of the Force in the Palmerston North District numbered 40 on the 31st March, 1920, including 1 Inspector, 1 Senior Sergeant, 2 sergeants, 1 detective-sergeant, 32 constables, and 3 temporary constables.

A constable is required at Feilding to fill the vacancy which has existed there for some months past, and an additional constable for beat duty also is required there.

At Shannon, where important public works have largely increased the amount of police work,

another constable will be required in the near future.

Three additional constables for beat duty and one plain-clothes constable for inquiry work are required at Palmerston North. The railway inquiry work at Palmerston North alone is sufficient to keep two men fully employed. The present detective staff is overworked and inadequate since the railway authorities have resumed the practice of seeking police assistance to trace goods overcarried or lost in transit.

No stations have been opened or closed during the year. A house for Inspector's residence has been purchased at Palmerston North, and police quarters have been purchased at Rongotea and Terrace End. New quarters will be required at Ashhurst, Levin, and Waldegrave Street in the near future; the houses rented by the Department at these centres have been sold, and the new owners will require possession.

One constable died during the year, and I constable retired on voluntary resignation.

A considerable increase is shown this year in the number of offences dealt with in this district. The most noticeable increases are found under the headings of "Theft" and "Common assault." The cause of the increases in these offences may be assigned to the demobilization of large numbers of men from the Expeditionary Forces during the year.

With the exception of a murder at Terrace End there has been no serious crime in this

district.

The conduct of members of the Force has been excellent throughout the year. None have been penalized for breach of discipline, while all have been most assiduous in the performance of their duties.

#### SUPERINTENDENT NORWOOD, WELLINGTON DISTRICT.

On the 31st March, 1920, the authorized strength was-1 Superintendent, 1 Inspector, 1 Sub-Inspector, 8 Senior Sergeants, 12 sergeants, 134 constables, 1 Chief Detective, 6 detective-sergeants, 3 detectives, 2 matrons, and 1 surgeon: total, 170. The actual strength was 171 of all ranks.

The police-station at Clyde Quay was closed, and a new station established at Lyall Bay.

On the 6th October, 1919, Constable Dudding, of Wellington City, was shot dead while in the execution of his duty by a man named Alexander Aspin, who then committed suicide. Another death also occurred in the case of Senior Sergeant Crean.

One constable retired on pension, 22 voluntarily resigned, and 3 were dismissed. A large number of the resignations were those of temporary constables, in most cases returned soldiers,

who appeared to be restless and unable to settle down to steady work.

The total number of offences reported during the year ending the 31st December, 1919, was 4,995, as against 4,074 in the preceding period, an increase of 921 cases. The principal increase is under the heading of "Offences against rights of property." Under this definition there is an increase of 300 cases, as follows: Theft (undescribed), 170; house and shop breaking, 27; receiving stolen property, 10; forgery, 20; uttering, 8; mischief, 55. The cases of drunkenness were 2,240, as against 2,050, an increase of 190 cases. The charges of vagrancy were 105, as against 44, an increase of 61. Offences under Gaming Act, 64, as against 16; increase, 48. Offences under the Licensing Act, 570, as against 400; increase, 170 cases.

Of 4,995 cases reported, in 4,721 offenders were brought before the Court.

Two cases of a serious nature were reported, the murder of Constable Dudding previously referred to, and the shooting of a man named Christopher Carr on a homestead in the Masterton district by a man named Reside, a son of the owner of the homestead. The offender in this case was found by the jury to be insane at the time he committed the offence, and ordered to be kept in custody during the pleasure of the Minister of Justice.

The conduct of all ranks has, with a few exceptions, been satisfactory. During the greater part of the past year there has been a considerable shortage in the strength of the district, with an increase of work in all branches, consequently the staff have had considerable difficulty in coping

with it.

The recruits now coming forward for police work are principally young and inexperienced men, and the want of training in the depot is having a bad effect on the efficiency of the service. I beg to suggest that the training-depot be opened as early as possible, so that the men can get proper tuition, drill, and physical training before being detailed for police duty.

#### INSPECTOR CRUICKSHANK, GREYMOUTH DISTRICT.

On the 31st March last the strength of this district was—1 Inspector, 2 Senior Sergeants, 4 sergeants, 31 constables, 2 detective-sergeants; total, 40—being 7 constables short of authorized strength. One sergeant has since retired on superannuation, I Senior Sergeant has been transferred, and 1 detective-sergeant is now acting as a Senior Sergeant at Greymouth. The vacancies for constables are-1 at Cobden, 1 at Seddonville, 1 at Waiuta (the latter station was temporarily closed during the war, and a constable may not be required for some little time yet, until the mines there get fully manned), and 2 at Greymouth Station. Otira Station has been reduced by 1 constable, and Globe Mine Station closed.

A new station is required to be opened at Millerton, where a house has been purchased for

that purpose.

No new stations have been opened during the year. Globe Mine Station was closed on the

11th July, 1919.

The offences return for 1919 shows that 696 offences were reported, as compared with 829 in 1918, a net decrease of 133 offences. This decrease is chiefly accounted for under the heading of "Breaches of the Licensing Act." Of the total number of offences reported over 98 per cent. have been accounted for either by arrest or summons.

The only serious crimes were: The dwellinghouse occupied by Senior Sergeant Simpson was damaged by explosives, and later a similar offence was committed at the dwellinghouse occupied by Constable Black; and again early this year a second attempt to damage by explosives was made at Senior Sergeant Simpson's house. These crimes were apparently committed with intent to intimidate the police in doing their duty in a certain direction.

The conduct of police has been good. All except one or two have shown zeal in the performance of their duties. With a depleted staff and increasing work done by police for other Departments

it was found difficult at times to overtake all the work in a satisfactory manner.

## SUPERINTENDENT DWYER, CHRISTCHURCH DISTRICT.

The actual strength of the Force in the district on the 31st March, 1920, was 118, made up as follows: 1 Superintendent, 1 Sub-Inspector, 4 Senior Sergeants, 9 sergeants, 79 constables, 14 temporary constables, 1 Chief Detective, 4 detective-sergeants, 3 detectives, 1 matron, and 1 surgeon.

The new district of Timaru was formed in December last, in charge of Inspector Hastie, and 9 stations from this district, together with 3 sergeants, 1 detective-sergeant, and 17 constables,

were handed over to him.

The casualties in the district during the year were as follows: 6 constables resigned from the Force, 2 constables were dismissed, and 1 discharged. One sergeant and 1 constable retired from the Force on superannuation, and 2 constables were retired from the service as medically unfit.

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The number of offences reported in the district during the year ended the 31st December, 1919, was 3,085, as compared with 2,503 in 1918. The principal increases in the various classes of offences during the year were—Petty thefts, 63; houses and shop breaking, 37; houses and shop breaking attempted, 30; thefts from dwellings, 19; vagrancy, 35; breaches of the peace, 30; mischief, 18; failing to maintain wife and children, 107.

There were only 130 undetected offences during the year, and these chiefly consisted of thefts of bicycles. Considering the numerous duties that the police of both town and country are called upon to perform, especially for other Government Departments, it speaks highly in their favour that they have been so successful in coping with all classes of crime committed in the district during the year.

There were no serious crimes committed in the district calling for any special remarks.

Nine constables were fined for breaches of the Police Regulations during the year, otherwise

the conduct of all ranks was highly satisfactory.

I would suggest that section 181 (1) of the Justices of the Peace Act, 1908, be amended so that summary offences committed outside the twelve months need not be sent to the Supreme Court for trial. As the law now stands, no matter how trivial the offence may be, if proceedings have not been commenced within the twelve months after the commission of the offence the offender must go for trial to the Supreme Court instead of being dealt with summarily. I would also suggest that section 51 (1), paragraph (i), of the Police Offences Act, 1908, be amended in the direction of making it an offence for any one to be found by night without lawful excuse in any unoccupied building whatever.

#### INSPECTOR HASTIE, TIMARU DISTRICT.

Timaru District was created and taken over in December, 1919, comprising 13 stations. The actual strength of the Force of all ranks on the 31st March was 34, the authorized strength being 38. My staff has for a considerable time been below the strength, and great difficulty has been experienced in coping with the work. At times it was not possible to have a man on day duty in the street all the time owing to complaints from other quarters having to be attended to. Now that Timaru is a head station I recommend the addition of at least two constables to the authorized strength, as all relieving duty for the district will have to be done from Timaru, and on account of being short-handed for about eighteen months the annual leave of members has accumulated. Apart from that, the town is gradually growing, and extra police are required to patrol parts that at present are rarely if ever visited. This is necessary to keep down complaints.

There have been no stations opened or closed. One temporary constable whose conduct was

not satisfactory resigned.

As regards offences, there is no cause for comment. There have been no serious crimes, and the increase or decrease of any particular class of offence depends greatly on the amount of floating population. Drunkenness shows an increase of 110 for the year, no doubt partly due to the large number returning from overseas and the high wages ruling for labour causing increased expenditure.

The conduct of the Force as a whole has been good, one constable being fined for breaches of the

regulations,

The population of Timaru and suburbs is 13,716, and is increasing, every house being occupied, and the district is very prosperous. Timaru itself is becoming more popular every year as a residential town and seaside resort, and large numbers of visitors flock here in the holiday season, which entails a great deal of extra work in inquiry and patrol duty, and requires the services of a full staff.

#### SUPERINTENDENT McGrath, Dunedin District.

On the 31st March, 1920, the authorized strength of the Force in this district was—1 Super-intendent, 1 Sub-Inspector, 1 Senior Sergeant, 11 sergeants, 76 constables, 2 Senior Detectives, 1 detective-sergeant, 2 detectives, 2 matrons, and 1 surgeon. There was a decrease during the year of 1 Senior Sergeant and 10 constables owing to the transfer of Oamaru, Duntroon, Hampden, and Kurow Stations to the newly formed Timaru Police District.

I think it is very desirable to have a sergeant on duty in the watchhouse all night at the central station at Dunedin, and for this purpose an additional sergeant is required. An increase of two constables for ordinary duty is also required at the same station, as two are continuously employed looking after prisoners in the police-gaol. I recommend an increase of one constable at South Dunedin, where it is becoming increasingly necessary that a constable should be on duty in the watchhouse at night, and the present staff is too small to admit of this being done. South Dunedin is a large, thickly populated district, and at present there is no one at the station to attend to urgent calls during the night.

No stations were opened or closed during the year, but new stations were purchased at Mornington, Woodhaugh, and also a residence for the Superintendent at Dunedin. The scarcity of suitable houses for police purposes renders it the more necessary to acquire them as opportunity offers at all places where the police occupy rented stations which they may be required to yacate

at any time.

During the year 4 constables were discharged on resignation and 1 detective was dismissed.

The offences return for the year ended 31st December, 1919, shows that the total number of offences reported was 1,426, being an increase of 62 over that of the preceding year. There were 1,382 prosecutions, leaving only 44 offences unaccounted for. The principal increases were—Mischief, 18; theft from dwellings, 14; obscene and profane language, 12; failing to maintain wife or children, 22. The chief decreases appear as follows: Theft (undescribed), 35; house and shop breaking, 2; drunkenness, 12. The latter offence has been steadily decreasing for

There were no serious crimes calling for special mention during the year, and the some years.

almost entire absence of sexual offences is worthy of notice.

The conduct of the members of the Force of all ranks, with a few exceptions, has been very good. The detective and uniform branches cordially co-operated in the discharge of their duties, with the result that the work has been satisfactorily performed and very few serious offences undetected. The majority of the constables stationed in the city are young men who were placed upon street duty without any preliminary training, and in the circumstances the most of them have done remarkably well. No doubt a term in the training-depot would greatly improve them in every way, but especially in appearance and discipline. Some of them appear to find it difficult to decide whether to remain in the service or not, as is evidenced by the fact that they tendered their resignations and withdrew them shortly afterwards. This is probably due to the increased cost of living and the fact that they could obtain higher wages outside the Force. Dissatisfaction with the rate of pay, however, is not confined to the new hands, but extends to all ranks, and, in my opinion, if the essential efficiency of the Force is to be maintained, increased pay all round is absolutely necessary.

I suggest that section 123 of the Legislature Act, 1908, be amended so as to provide a penalty for selling intoxicating liquors in licensed premises between the hours of 12 noon and 7 p.m. on the day on which an election takes place within the district where such licensed premises are situated. The section quoted declares that it shall not be lawful to sell intoxicating liquors in licensed premises between the hours mentioned on any day on which an election takes place, but provides no penalty. The penalty fixed by the Licensing Act only applies to elections held under the provisions of that Act, so that unless a licensing election takes place on the same day as an

election under the Legislature Act no penalty can be imposed.

#### INSPECTOR FOURY, INVERCARGILL DISTRICT.

The strength of the Force in the Invercargill District on the 31st March, 1920, was as follows: 1 Inspector, 1 Senior Sergeant, 4 sergeants, 34 constables, and 1 Senior Detective. The authorized strength of the district is not sufficient to cope with the work, 3 more constables being required.

The police-station at Gladstone has been transferred to Waikiwi, where the Department has

purchased a very suitable station.

A new station is required at Tuatapere, where the population is fast increasing, caused by the large number of new settlers in the district and by the hydro-electric works to be erected at

Lake Monowai, the route to which is already under construction, via Tuatapere.

The total number of offences reported during the year ended 31st December, 1919, was 837, as against 564 for the year 1918. The principal increases were—Theft, 46; theft from dwellings, 8; housebreaking, 14; drunkenness, 36; default of maintenance, 27; failing to maintain wife, &c., 26. Of the total number of offences reported nearly 98 per cent, have been accounted for by arrest or

The conduct of the men on the whole has been good, only two having been punished.

During the year 3 constables resigned and 1 retired on superannuation.

Many of the constables at this station are recruits. An instruction class is conducted by the

Senior Sergeant as often as circumstances permit—usually once a week—with good effect.

Owing to the difficulty in procuring houses for members on transfer the Department would be well advised to procure as many dwellings as possible—at least for the officer in charge and the sergeant and detective in charge of their respective branches.

A fair number of recruits are offering lately, but many of them have to be turned down as unsuitable. It is a noticeable fact that in stature and other physical dimensions they are not up

to the standard of the older members of the service.

Too much work continues to be pressed by other Departments on to the police almost as a matter of right, and sometimes without even asking for the authority of the head of this Department. It has come to such a pass now that some of the other Government Departments look upon the police as their servants, and address correspondence to them accordingly, wanting interim reports, &c. This has a bad effect upon the police, who see some other Departments, whose officers have more time on their hands than the police, pass on work to the police which they could easily attend to themselves, and this very often when the police are short-handed. If life, limb, and property are to have the protection intended, fully three-fourths of the extraneous work now performed by the police will have to be eliminated.

The Police Offences Amendment Act, 1919, section 3, which, shortly, makes it penal for any person to use a horse, motor, vessel, &c., without the owner's consent, broke new ground in legis-

lation, and is giving every satisfaction.

It should be made an offence for brewers or their employees to supply liquor to youths under twenty-one years of age, and youths should be made liable if, for the purpose of obtaining liquor,

they represent their age to be twenty-one years or over while they are minors.

It would assist materially the enforcement of the no-license laws if, instead of furnishing notices to the Clerk of the Court of liquor sold to be sent or taken into a no-licensed district. the vendor were required to send the notice to the police-station nearest to the residence of the purchaser or consignee.

## APPENDIX A.

Return showing the Number of Offences reported, the Number of Offences for which Persons were apprehended or summoned, and Comparison of Crime during the Year ending 31st December, 1918, and Year ending 31st December, 1919.

İ	1918.					1919.						Increa Decrea	ıse i
Offences.	Offences.    Solution of the convergence of the con												
	berofall orted.	ber of all orted.	ber of which Sum	Comm for T	itted rial.			Dismi	issed.			sase.	9890
	Num	Num	Num in or res	м.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F.	м.	F.	Incr	Decr
RIMES AND JUSTICES OF THE PEACE ACTS, ETC.													
Inlawful assembly	18 24	2	2			$\frac{\cdot \cdot}{2}$					••		
Misleading Justice.  erjury and false oaths  alse statements and declarations orrupting juries or witnesses	2 8 3	$\begin{array}{c} 6\\32\\ \end{array}$	6 31	5 18 	 6		•••	$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 2 \\ \cdots \end{array}$	2	1 15 	 	4 24 	
Escapes and Rescues.	1	7	5			3	2					6	
scaping from prison or lawful custody scaping from prison, attempted	21 	49 1	49 1	3		18 1	26	2		3	••	28 1	:
Offences against Religion. ssaulting ministers of religion listurbing public worship	$\frac{2}{12}$		9				::	 4	.:			••	
Offences against Morality.	3	2	2	2						2			
Innatural offence, attempted Innatural offence, assault with intent to commit	2 1	3		3		••						1	
ndecently assaulting a male ncest	$\begin{smallmatrix}8\\4\\23\end{smallmatrix}$	14 3 28	$\frac{14}{3}$ 28	11 3 3		1 19		$\begin{array}{c c} 2 \\ \vdots \\ 6 \end{array}$		6 3 2		65	
Offences against the Person, &c. (eglecting duties tending to the pre-		3	3	1	1				1	1	1	3	
servation of life or health	4 5	9	9	$\frac{2}{1}$	7							5	
urder, attempted urder, counselling or attempting to procure		1	1	1		••		::			••	··· <sub>1</sub>	
anslaughter	$\begin{array}{c} 21 \\ 54 \\ \end{array}$	12 52	12 52	8	1 3	40	8	4	1	1		"	
oncealment of birth isabling or stupefying with intent to commit a crime	$\frac{3}{1}$	5	4	.:		• •	1			.:	2	2	
ounding with intent to do grievous bodily harm	5	3	3	1	• •	••		2		••	••	••	į
ndangering safety of persons on railways or tramways	$2 \mid$	1	1	. • •	•••	1			• •	••			
utting explosive substances in places with intent to do bodily harm sault causing actual bodily harm	60	2	47	24	1	15	••	7	•••	1.7	• • •	2	
sasuit causing actual bodily harm under cir- cumstances that, if death had been caused, would be manslaughter	4	48 5	47 5	4	• • •			í		17 2		1	
ssault, indecent	83 3	72 11	66 11	50		4 11		12		32		8	
assault	697 1	870	855	3 3		684	39	122	7	$\begin{bmatrix} & \ddots & \\ & 3 & \\ & 1 & \end{bmatrix}$		173	
ape, attempted	$egin{array}{c} 1 \\ 6 \\ 23 \end{array}$	2 24	$\begin{array}{c} 2\\24\end{array}$	$\begin{vmatrix} 2\\19 \end{vmatrix}$						11		,	
years arnally know girls under sixteen years,	9	8	. 8	5		••		3		2			l
attempts to bortion, procuring bortion, supplying means of procuring	1	3	3 3	$\frac{2}{2}$	1 1	.,				1	<sub>1</sub>	2 2	
bortion, conspiring to procure	$\begin{bmatrix} 2\\14 \end{bmatrix}$	5 12	5 12	1 7	4 5					5	$\frac{1}{2}$	3	
bauction ealing children under fourteen years bandoning children under two years	$\frac{1}{2}$ $\cdots$ $\frac{1}{2}$	3 1 1	3 1		1  1	 		i			 1	1 1 	
Offences against Rights of Property.	2,597	3,248	2,775	142	11	2,153	194	256	19	87	8	651	
heft, attempted heft from the person heft from the person, attempted	6 14	$\begin{array}{c c} 27 \\ 31 \\ 2 \end{array}$	22 27 1	$\begin{array}{ c c } & 2 \\ 13 \\ 1 \end{array}$	2	20 6		6		$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 8 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$	1	21 17 2	

## APPENDIX A—continued.

Return showing the Number of Offences reported, the Number of Offences for which Persons were apprehended or summoned, and Comparison of Crime during the Year ending 31st December, 1918, and Year ending 31st December, 1919--continued.

	1918.					1919	•					Increa Decre	ase ir
Offences.	Number of all Offences reported.	Number of all Offences reported.	Offences Arrests monses		appre	ases in w hended o gainst M separa	r sum ales ar	noned.		Conv	ber of ctions st those	Numb Offer repor	er of oces
	ber of all	er of all	Number of in which or Sumr	Comur for T		Summ convid		Dism	issed.		nitted Trial.	ase.	ease.
	Num	Num	Num in or res	M.	F.	м.	F.	M.	F.	М.	F.	Increase.	Decrease
CRIMES AND JUSTICES OF THE PEACE													
Acts, etc.—continued. Offences against Rights of Property—ctd.											_		
Theft from dwellings Theft from dwellings, attempted	182	$\frac{216}{2}$	166	36	$\frac{2}{\cdot \cdot \cdot}$	109	14	5		$\frac{32}{1}$	$\frac{2}{\cdot \cdot}$	$\begin{vmatrix} 34 \\ 2 \end{vmatrix}$	••
Theft by clerks or servants	63	91	91	33		40	6	11	1	30		28	
Theft of animals (specified)	66	46	41	20	1	$\frac{14}{3}$	::	6		9 1			20
Bringing stolen property into New Zea-		i	i				::	i				i	::
land False pretences	268	263	254	110	1	111	15	16	1	79	1		,
False pretences, attempted	2	12	11	6	î	4				3	î	10	
Obtaining credit by fraud	1	20	20	15		<b>2</b>		3	••	13	• •	19	
False accounting by officials or clerks Conspiracy to defraud	1			1	::	• •	::	::	::	1		1	'']
Fortune-telling or practising witchcraft	2	2	2			••		2			•••		
Robbery and aggravated robbery  Assault with intent to rob	6 } 4	5   8	4. 7	6		• •		i	::	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}$		4	
Burglary	136	34	23	20		,	::	2		14	::		102
Burglary, attempted	266 i	4 427	3	3				0.7		3	• •	101	
House or shop breaking, &c   House or shop breaking, &c., attempted	4	427 56	352 48	85 15	'i	$\frac{239}{28}$	1 3	$\frac{27}{1}$	::	$\begin{array}{c c} 73 \\ 15 \end{array}$	1	$\frac{161}{52}$	
Being found in dwellinghouse by night	2	3	3			3						1	
Being armed with intent to break or enter	••	1	1		• •	• •		1	••	•••	• •	1	•••
Being disguised or in possession of	1	3	3	1		1.		1		1		2	
housebreaking implements	04	an.	00	0		9.5		10		_			
Receiving property dishonestly obtained ' Forgery	$\frac{97}{72}$	63 90	63 83	68	ii	35	1	19	$\begin{vmatrix} 2 \\ \end{vmatrix}$	5 64	11	18	34
Uttering forged documents or false cer-	10	22	21	21						19		12	
tificates Sending false telegram		1	1	1	.					1	1	1	
Procuring execution of document by		$\frac{1}{2}$	2				i			,,'		2	
false pretences	e !					0							١
Personation	6	$\frac{2}{1}$	2			2	::						4
Arson	13	22	19	15		3		1		12		9	
Arson, attempted Setting fire to crops, attempted	5		•••		• •	• •	• • •	••	• •		••	· · · · 1	[ E
Wilfully placing obstruction on railways	9	i	1				::		••		::	.,	
Mischief	526	682	678	4		585	21	65	3	2		156	
Mischief on railways and tramways Possessing or making explosive sub-	14	23	23	••	• • •	21		2		•••	• •	9	
stance, &c., with intent thereby to		-			''	••	''	*			٠. ا		
to commit a crime	İ	ه ا						,	, ,			0	
Sending threatening letters	3	$\frac{1}{6}$	3 6	'i		$\frac{1}{5}$		1	1	1	::	$\frac{3}{3}$	::
date			"					''		-			
Police Offences Act.													
Breach of the peace or behaviour with	446	563	558			487	10	57	4			117	
intent	100	150	1.70			145		077					
Cruelty to animals Drunkenness	$\frac{169}{7,003}$	$\frac{172}{7,765}$	$\frac{172}{7,765}$	::		$\frac{145}{7,297}$	448	27 19	i	::		$\begin{array}{c} 3 \\ 762 \end{array}$	
Drunk while in charge of horses, &c., or	42	147	147			139	2	6				105	::
loaded firearms Drunk and disorderly	183	304	304			292	7	5				121	
Prostitutes behaving in a riotous or		1	1				i			• • •		1	
indecent manner Soliciting prostitution	31	17	17				17						1
Soliciting prostitution Exposure of person and grossly in-	200	208	$\begin{array}{c} 17 \\ 203 \end{array}$	$\ddot{2}$		180	7	14		$\frac{\cdot \cdot}{2}$			14
decent acts					. }		a.=	1.0		i			-
Using profane, indecent, or obscene language	697	950	948	2	••	877	27	40	2	$^2$	••	253	••
Vagrancy (idle and disorderly persons,	310	506	502	3		334	104	49	12	1		196	
rogues and vagabonds, and incor-	ļ			!							1	1	
rigible rogues) Assaulting, obstructing, or resisting	321	322	322			310	2	9	1		,.	1	
constables, &c.	ļ	·											
Intimidation to restrict lawful acts   Inciting violence, disorder, or lawless-	••	4 4	4 4			$\frac{1}{2}$	i i	3		••		4.	
ness	••				.				'	••	••		
Unlawfully using horses, motor-cars, &c.	••	31	31		٠., ١	23	1	7	•••			31	: <b>.,</b>

## APPENDIX A-continued.

Return showing the Number of Offences reported, the Number of Offences for which Persons were apprehended or summoned, and Comparison of Crime during the Year ending 31st December, 1918, and Year ending 31st December, 1919—continued.

	1918.					1919.						Increa Decre	
Offonces.	Number of all Offences reported.	Number of all Offences reported.	Number of Offences in which Arrests or Summonses resulted.		apprel	ases in w nended o gainst Ma separa	r sumi ales an	noned.		Convi	ber of etions st those nitted	Numi Offer repor	oer (
	umber of a reported.	er of a	ber o which Sui	Comm for T		Summ convi		Dism	issed.	for T	rial.	ase.	ase.
	Numb	Numb	Num in or resu	М.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F.	Increase.	Decrease
						 	· · · · -	<u> </u>		[		1	
GAMING ACT. Common gaming-house, keeping or managing, &c.	21	18	18			15		3					
ound in a common gaming-house	96 67	84 155	84 155			$\begin{array}{c} 44 \\ 117 \end{array}$		40 38				88	
ublishing advertisements relating to betting on horse-races	4	23	23	•••		13	••	10	••	••	•••	19	
otteries, unlawfully establishing or conducting, &c.	7	4	4	•••	••	3		1	••		••		
etting, unlawful ublishing betting-card	30	39	39			31 1	• • •	8	•••			9	:
Post and Telegraph Act. Posting packet containing explosive, &c. Ilegally opening or delaying postal		1 5	1 4		4	1						$\frac{1}{2}$	
packets tealing postal packets, mail-bags, &c.	19	35	35	23	1	7		4		23	1	16	
tealing money, &c., from postal packets Inlawfully opening mail-bags	$\frac{2}{2}$	$\frac{8}{2}$	5 2	$\frac{4}{2}$	:	• •		1		$\frac{3}{2}$	• • •	6	:
raudulently secreting or detaining misdelivered mail-bags, &c.	2	4	, 3	3		• •	••	•••	••	3	••	2	•
njuring post-office pillars or boxes		8	3			3				••		8	
DESTITUTE PERSONS ACT.  'ailing to maintain wife or children  'ailing for fourteen days to pay maintenance-moneys	933 893	1,205 1,017	1,109 911	••		847 651	20 11	235 244	7 5	••		272 124	
ffences by husbands while separation	1	24	24		¦	20		4				23	
orders are in force ffences prescribed in sections 52 to 58 of Destitute Persons Act	17	12	12			6		6			• •		
SHIPPING AND SEAMEN ACT.	60	56	45			44		1					
bsent without leave ffences against discipline	$\frac{54}{8}$	120 10	116 10		::	108		8	• •			66	
Filfully damaging ship, stores, or cargo		1	1			1		• • •				$\frac{1}{9}$	
mbezzling cargo	$\begin{array}{c c} 12 \\ 3 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c c} 21 \\ 7 \end{array}$	$\begin{vmatrix} 21 \\ 7 \end{vmatrix}$	1	::	$\frac{20}{6}$	i			• • •	*.	4	
towing away	$^3$	14	14	••	•••	12		2		••		11	
LICENSING ACT. ermitting drunkenness or violent con-	29	24	24			14	2	7	1	••			
elling or supplying liquor to intoxicated persons	24	32	32			20		9	3			8	
ermitting gaming, gambling, &c elling or supplying liquor, or exposing for sale, or opening or keeping open	$\frac{2}{313}$	369	369		••	$\begin{array}{c}2\\168\end{array}$	34	134	33	••	••	 56	
premises at unauthorized times upplying liquor to persons under	81	66	66	••.		36	12	11	7				
twenty-one years elling or supplying liquor to prohibited	56	60	60			49	4	7				4	
persons ermitting prohibited persons to be on premises	7		••				••			••		••	
nlawfully employing females in or about a bar	4	4	4	••		2	••	1	1	••	••		
mploying minors in bars legally supplying liquor to Natives	1 55	5 82 6	$\begin{array}{c c} & 5 \\ 82 \\ 6 \end{array}$	••		$\begin{array}{c} 4 \\ 68 \\ 6 \end{array}$	$\frac{\cdot \cdot}{2}$	$\begin{array}{c c} 1\\12\\ \end{array}$				$\begin{array}{c c} 4 \\ 27 \\ 5 \end{array}$	
bstructing Inspectors or refusing entrance to Inspectors or constables	$\frac{1}{12}$	15	15			7	2	3	3			3	
aving or purchasing labels for bottling contrary to Act	[	1	1		••	1		••			••	1	
Jsing bottles with labels more than once Breaches of prohibition orders Found on licensed premises after closing-hours	1,012 844	1,384 830	1,379 830			1,200 687	149 4	25 137	5 2	••	••	372 	
Refusing to quit licensed premises elling or exposing liquor for sale with-	46 91	57 50	57. 50			$\frac{52}{37}$	3 4	2 7	2				
out a license Found on premises where liquor was seized under a warrant	5	3	3					3				• • •	

## APPENDIX A—continued.

Return showing the Number of Offences reported, the Number of Offences for which Persons were apprehended or summoned, and Comparison of Crime during the Year ending 31st December, 1918, and Year ending 31st December, 1919—continued.

	1918.					1919.						Increa Decrea	ise in
Offunces.	Number of all Offences reported.	all Offences	Offences Arrests monses	ε	ppre.	ases in w hended o gainst M separate	r sumr ales an	noned.		Convi	ber of ctions st those	Numb Offer repor	ces
	oer of all orted.	Number of all reported.	Number of in which or Sumr resulted.	Comm for T		Summ		Dism	issed.		oitted Prial.	98.se.	эвве.
	Numk	Num	Numi in or rest	м.	F.	м.	F.	м.	F.	M.	F.	Increase.	Decresse
LICENSING ACT—continued.						•					,		
Offences against provisions in force in no-license districts	66	64	64		••	44	1	19	••	••	••	••	2
Selling, supplying, or giving liquor to Maoris in Native licensing districts	15	20	20		••	16	3	1		••	••	5	•••
Offences against provisions of no-license	48	123	123			81	4	38			• •	75	
in Native proclaimed areas Supplying liquor to Natives in pro-	101	94	87			79		8			••	.,	7
claimed districts Illegally storing liquor in no-license		2	2			1		1				2	
district Refusing to provide accommodation		2	2			2					••	2	
for traveller													
MISCELLANEOUS. Absconding from industrial schools	145	109	106			99	4	3					36
Bankruptcy offences	7	3	3	2				1	::	::	• • • •	::	4
Brothels or houses of ill fame, keeping, &c.	34	17	17	;		5	6	3	3			••	17
Children, wilfully ill-treating, neglecting, abandoning, or exposing	69	71	71		1	43	24	2	1		••	2	
Deserting or absenting from His	4	7	3			3						3	
Majesty's ships Drunk or behaving in a violent or offen-	13	79	78			70	1	7				66	
sive manner, &c., on a railway, &c. Failing to comply with conditions of release under First Offenders' Proba- tion Act	17	34	27	4	1	17	5			4	1	17	••
Indecent Publications Act, offences	8	4.	4			3	1				••		4
under Opium-smoking, &c	5	3	3			3						1	2
Smuggling	"	9	9			5	::	4	::	::		9	٠ ا
Trespassing on railway and refusing to leave, &c.	3	26	26			26		••	•••		••	23	••
Totals	20,268	24,278	23,312	860	69	19,095	1,257	1,900	131	635	48	4,488	478
•							1					4,010*	

<sup>\*</sup> Increase.

APPENDIX B.

Return showing the Strength and Distribution of the New Zealand Police Force on the 31st March, 1920.

Stations.	Superin-	Inspectors.	Sub- Inspectors.	Senior Sergeants.	Sergeants.	Constables.	Senior Detectives.	Detective- sergeants.	Detectives.	Total.	Temporary Constables.		Native Constables.	Stations.	Superin- tendents.	Inspectors.	Sub- Inspectors.	Senior Sergeants.	Sergeants.	Constables.	Senior Detectives.	Detective- sergeants.	Detectives.	Total.	Temporary Constables.	Constables.	Native Constables.
Auckland District—														Hamilton District—						İ							
Auckland	1	1	1	1	7	54	1	3	4	73	13			continued.							İ						
Aratapu Avondale		• •	• • •	••	$ \cdot\cdot $	1 1	••	••	••	1	• •	::		Tauranga Te Aroha		::	• •	• •		2	• •		• •	2 2	••	• •	• •
Birkenhead	::		::			1				1				Te Awamutu					$\cdot \cdot  $	2		•		2			• •
Cowes			٠.	• • •	-;	••	• •	1	• •	.:	1	1		Te Kuiti Te Puke		$ \cdot\cdot $	• • •		1	$\frac{2}{1}$	• •	••	• •	3	$ \cdot\cdot $	• •	• •
Dargaville Devonport	i ::			•	1					14			• • •	Te Puke	::										i ::	1	• •
Ellerslie			١			1		- 1		1		٠.		Thames					1	4	• •		••	5			••
Epsom Freeman's Bay		•••	٠٠		$ \cdot\cdot $	1 2	• •	• •	··¦	$\frac{1}{2}$	• •		' 	Thames South Tokaanu		•	••	••	••	1	••			1   1	••	••	••
Grey Lynn		• •											·	Waihi				1		4				5			• •
Helensville	٠.	٠.	٠.		••	1		••	• •	1				Whakatane		• •	٠.	• •	$\cdot \cdot  $	1	••	- 1	• •	1	1	••	1
Hikurangi Hobsonville	::	::	• •			1				1		i	• •	Whitianga		_			_	1			- -	1		<u></u>	• •
Houhora						1				1				Totals		1		3	5	56		1		66	2	1	1
Howick Kaikohe	•••	• •	•••	••	••	1	••		••	1	••	• • •	••	Napier District—		-			- -				- -			-	
Kaikone Kaitaia	::					1				1			i	Ñapier		1		1	2	10		1 .		15	2		
Kawakawa		٠.	• •	••	1	.;			$\cdot \cdot  $	1			• •	Carlyle Street	••	$\cdot \cdot  $	• •		$\cdot \cdot  $	1	• •		••	1	•••	••	• •
Kingsland Mangawai		• •			::	1		::		1	::		• •	Clive Dannevirke	::			::	i				::	4			• •
Mangonui						1				1		• •	1	Gisborne			1	1		3	• •			10			
Maungaturoto Mercer		• •				1		::		1			• • •	Hastings Havelock North			• •	::	1	6	•••		::	7	::		• •
Mount Albert	::		· · ·			1				1			• • •	Mohaka						1		- 1		1			
Mount Eden			• •	• •	1	6	••		••	7	• •	• • •	••	Motu	••	••	• •	• •	••	1			••	1	• •	$\cdot \cdot  $	••
Mount Eden South Mount Roskill		··				1				1			• •	Ongaonga Ormondville						1				1			• •
Newmarket				٠	1	4				5				Patutahi	¦	••			$\cdot \cdot  $	1			٠.¦	1			• •
Newton Northcote	•••		• •	1	3	8			1	$\frac{13}{1}$	2	•	• •	Porangahau Port Awanui		• •				1	• •	- 1		1			• •
Ohaeawai		::	• • •									1	• • •	Spit (Napier)						2				2			
Okupu (G. Barrier)		١.,	• • •			• •	••	••	• •	٠.	1	1	• •	Takapau Taradale	••	• •	••	• •	••	1	••	- 1	• •	1	. • •	$\cdot \cdot  $	••
Onehunga Otahuhu	::	• •			1	$\frac{2}{2}$				3			••	Taradale Te Araroa			::			1	• •			1			• •
Papakura						1				1				Te Karaka		$\cdot \cdot  $				1			• •	1			••
Parnell Ponsonby	•••	• •	• •	• •	1	3 4	••	••	• •	4 5	• •		• •	Tokomaru Bay Tolaga Bay		••	• •	• •	1	1				2 1			• •
Pukekohe		• •			ı	2				3			• • •	Tuparoa						1				1			::
Queen St. Wharf		٠.,	• •		1	7	• •		1	9	• •	••	• •	Waipawa Waipiro Bay	••	• •	••	••	$\cdot \cdot  $	1	••		• •	1	••	••	••
Ranfurly Road Rawene			::			1				1			1	Waipiro Bay Waipukurau				• •		1				1			• •
Remuera		• •			,	1		- 1		1		••		Wairoa			••]		••	2			••	2		.;	••
Russell		• •	··			1	• •			1			• •	Weber Whataupoko						i		- 1	:	i		1	• •
Tuakau	::	• •	١			1				1				-		_			-			-	- -				
Waipu Waiuku		• •		••	• •	1	•••		••	1	• •	••	• •	Totals		1	1	2	5	51	• •	_1	1 -	62	2	1	• •
Warkworth		• •	• •		::	1				1			• •														
Wellsford	• • •	• •				1	••			1	• • •	• • •	• •	Wanganui District—	-	,	ļ	1	,1	10	J	İ		13	1		
Whangarei Whangaroa		1		1		3				5 1			i	Wanganui Aramoho		. 1			$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ . \end{bmatrix}$	1				1			• •
_								-	_ -	;				Eltham		••				1			• •	1		• •	• •
Totals	1	2	1	_ 3	21 1	132	1	3	6 1	70	17	4	4	Fitzroy Gonville	::	::		• •		1				1	•	•••	• •
						-	ļ	-						Hawera				•••	1	3			• •	4			• •
Hamilton District— Hamilton		1		1	1	7		1		11				Hunterville . Inglewood		••	••		$\cdot \cdot  $	1	• •			1	1	$ \cdot $	• •
Cambridge						2				2		••	• •	Kaponga						1				1			••
Coromandel					$ \cdot\cdot $	1	••			1	• •	•••	••	Manaia	••'	• •	• •	•••	$\cdot \cdot  $	1	••			1	• •	$\cdot \cdot  $	••
Frankton Junction Huntly	1		• •	::		1 2	::			$\frac{1}{2}$	• • •		 	Mangaweka Moawhango	::							- 1				$\mathbf{i}$	• •
Karangahake				٠.	$ \cdot\cdot $	1	٠.			1				Mokau	••	• •			٠٠	1 5	••		1	1	• •	• •	••
Katikati Kawhia	::				:	1		- 1		1	1	• •	::	New Plymouth Normanby			1		• •	1		- 1					• •
Kihikihi	::		::	::		1				1			::	Ohakune						1				1			
Kirikiriroa			٠٠	••	$ \cdot\cdot $	1	••	••	••	1 1	• •	• •		Opunake Patea	••	$\cdot \cdot  $	••	- 1	••	1	••	- 1	• •	1		••	• •
Manunui Matiere	::					1	::			1			::	Raetihi				- 1		1				1			••
Morrinsville						1			· · ¦	1				Rahotu	••]	• •				1		••		1	••	••	• •
Ngaruawahia Ongarue		į į	٠.	::		2	• •			1	• •	• •	• •	St. John's (Wanganui)	••		• •	• •		1	••	- :	• •	1	••		• •
Opotiki	::			::	1	1				2				Stratford					1	3 2			F	4		$ \cdot $	
Otorohanga Paeroa			• •	• •		1 1	••		• •	1			• •	Taihape Waitara			••	::	1	$\frac{2}{1}$			• •	3			• •
Paeroa Putaruru	::	::				1		- 1		1			• •	Waitotara						1			- 1	1			
Raglan						1			••	1			••	Wanganui East		$\cdot \cdot  $	• •		••¦	1	••	- 1	••	1	••		• •
Raurimu Rotorua	::					$\frac{1}{3}$	• •			1		• •		Waverley Whangamomona		::				1	• •			i			• •
Taumarunui					1	2				3			• •	,,		_			- -				_ -		<u></u>		
Taupo .	• •	•••	٠.	••'	••'	1	•••	••'	• • '	1	•••	•••	• •	Totals	••'	1	1	2	4	44	•••	• • 1	T,	58	Z	1	••

## APPENDIX B—continued.

RETURN SHOWING THE STRENGTH, ETC., OF THE NEW ZEALAND POLICE FORCE—continued.

Stations.	Superir-	Inspectors.	Sub- Inspectors.	Senior Sergeants.	Sergeants.	Constables.	Senior Detectives.	Detective- sergeants.	Detectives.	Total.	Temporary Constables.	District Constables.	Native Constables.	Stations.	Superin- tendents.	Inspectors.	Sub- Inspectors.	Senior Sergeants.	Sergeants.	Constables.	Senior Detectives.	Detective- sergeants.	Detectives.	Total.	Temporary Constables.	District Constables.	Native Constables.
Palmerston North	į				i									Greymouth District	-												
District— Palmerston North	յ .	. 1	۱.,	1	1	11		1		15	3			continued. Otira	١					1				1			
Ashhurst			٠.			1,	••	٠.	[	1 1	• •		•••	Reefton	• •		• •	• •	1	2 1	• •	• •	• •	3	1	• •	••
Bull's Eketahuna	- 1		:	''		1	• • •	• •		1	• •	• •		Rimu Ross	1 ::		• •	• •		1	• •	• •	::	1			• •
Feilding	- 1			1	1	2			$ \cdot\cdot $	3			٠	Seddonville					$\cdot \cdot  $				• •				• •
Foxton Kimbolton	•		1:	1::		2	• • •		• •	2		• •		Stafford Westport		!	• •	· .		1 5				1 6			• •
Levin	- î	.				2		• • •		2				i •									-				
Marton Otaki	i	$\cdot   \cdot \cdot$				$\frac{2}{1}$		٠.	$ \cdot\cdot $	$\frac{2}{1}$	• •	• •	•••	Totals		1	• •	2	3	29	• •	2	• •	37	2	• • •	••
Pahiatua						2				2				Christchurch Dis-													
Pongaroa	- 1					1			$ \cdot\cdot $	1				triet										-	4.5		
Rongotea Shannon	- 1		1			1	• •			1	• •	• • •		Christchurch Addington	1		1		5 1	35 1	1	4	3	$\frac{52}{2}$	13	••	• •
Terrace End	l .	.		-		1				1				Akaroa	::					2				2			
(Palmerston N.)				İ		1				1				Amberley	••	• •	••	.:	• •	1	٠٠	• •	• •	1	• •	••	••
Waldegrave St (Palmerston N.)			٠.		• •	1	• •	• •		1	٠.	• •	••	Ashburton Belfast	1:.					1				1		::	• •
Woodville						1	• • •			1			• •	Bealey Flat		$ \cdot\cdot $					• • •				• • •	••	• •
Totals	-	. 1		1	2	 32		1		37	3			Bingsland Chatham Islands		• •	•	• •		1	• •		• •	1		•	• •
COURTS	_:	-			-				-					Cheviot	::			• • •		1				1			••
Wallendan Disintat	İ			l i	Ιi									Coalgate				• •	• •	1		• • •	$\cdot \cdot  $	1	••	••[	••
Wellington District— Wellington		1 1	1	. 2	5	24	1	3	3	41	10			Culverden Darfield	::		• •			1	•			1			• •
Blenheim	- 1		.l	1	(i	4		••		5	• • •		• • •	Fendalton		۱ ۱				1				1		• •	• •
Brooklyn . Carterton .	Į.	•• ••		¦ • •	1	$\frac{1}{2}$		• •	1	2		· · ·	• •	Islington Kaiapoi	• •		• •	• •	::	$\frac{1}{2}$	• •		• •	1 2			• • •
Carterton . Collingwood .						1				1			::	Kaiapoi Kaikoura			• •			1	• •			1			
Eastbourne .				·  ··		1		• • •		1 2	• •	• • •		Leeston			• •	٠.	• •	1	••		• •	1	• •		• •
Featherston . Greytown North						$\begin{array}{c c} 2 \\ 1 \end{array}$		::	.:	1		• •		Lincoln Linwood			• •		::	1	• • •			1			• •
Havelock .						1				1				Little River						1				1			• •
Island Bay . Johnsonville .	- 1					1	• •	• •	• •	1	• •	• •	•••	Lower Riccarton	••		• •	 1	••	1 4	• •	• •	• •	1 5	1	••	• • •
Johnsonville . Karori .				:  ::	::	1		· ·		1		• • •	• • •	Lyttelton Methven		::	• •			1				1			• •
Kilbirnie .	- 1		.   •		$ \cdot\cdot $	1	• •	٠.		$\frac{1}{2}$		• •	•••	New Brighton				• •	• •	1	• •		••	1	••		• •
Lower Hutt . Lyall Bay .						$\frac{2}{1}$	• • •			1		• •		Oxford Papanui	1	::	• •	• •	••	1	• •			1			• •
Martinborough.						1				1	• • •	٠.		Phillipstown						1				1		••	••
Masterton . Miramar .				1	••	4	• • •	• •	• •	5 1	• • •	• •		Rakaia Rangiora		••	• •	• •	1	1 1		::	• •	1 2			••
Motueka						1				1		•••	••	Rangiora Ricearton	::		• •			1				1			••
Mount Cook	1	٠.		1		16 6		٠.	• •	20	8	• •	• •	St. Albans			• •	• •	1	1 1	•••	• •	• •	2	•••	••	• •
Nelson Petone .	- 1			1		2	• •			3			• •	Southbridge Summer	::			::	::	1				1	::		• •
Picton .						2		٠.		2			• •	Sydenham					1	3			• •	4		• •	
Richmond . Seddon .	•	• •   • •	· i		• •	1	• •	• •	• •	1	•••	• •	• •	Waikari Woolston					••	1 1			• •	1	•••	• •	• •
Takaka .						1				1		• •		1100131071	ļ				-					—-Ì			
Taranaki Street. Tinui		• •   • •		1	1 1	19 1			• •	23 1		• •	• •	Totals	1	$ \cdot\cdot $	1	4	9	79	1	4	3 1	102	14	• •	••
The Port .						1		• •	••	1		• •	• •										-  -				
Thorndon Quay.					$ \cdot\cdot $	1			;	i 1			••	Timaru District—			ļ										
Tinakori Road . Upper Hutt .			1			1 1		• •		1		• •		Timaru		1		1		9	• • •	••	$\cdot \cdot  $	13	1	• •	
Wakefield .	.					1	٠.	·		1			••	Duntroon Fairlie		::	• •	- •		1	• •			1 1			• • •
Wellington South			· i · ·	· ·	1 1	3 7	٠٠.	• •	• •	4 8	• •	• •	• • •	Geraldine						1			$\cdot \cdot  $	1	٠.		
Wharf (Welling ton)	-  _			- <u>-</u> -	-		<u></u>	<u> </u>			- <del>-</del>	<u></u>		Glenavy Hampden				• •		1		- 1	• •	1 1		• •	
Totals .	.	1 1	L I	8  ا	13	115	1	3	3	146	22	٠.	••	Kurow						1				î			
			-	-										Oamaru	١					7				7		٠.	
Greymouth District-			ĺ											Pleasant Point St. Andrew's		• •	• •	• • •	• •	1	• •	•		1		• •	::
Greymouth .	•	1	١ .	1	1	4		i .	$ \cdot\cdot $	$\frac{9}{1}$		• • •	•••	Temuka				!		2				3		::	::
Ahaura Blackball				1		1				1		•	::	Waimataitai					• :	1	• •	• •	$\cdot \cdot  $	1			
Blackwater .					1	1				1	1	••		Waimate		<u>   </u>		••	1	1		•••		2	<u>  : :</u>		
Brunnerton . Charleston .		•   •		1	j· ·	1				1		• •		Totals	1	1		1	4	28				34		[	
Cobden .			.   .			٠.									-	$\vdash$			$\dashv$			-					
Denniston .	.	.		·  ··		1		٠.		1	•	• •	•••	Dunedin District—	į										ĺ		
Dunollie . Granity .				: : :	1 1	1	··			1	• •	• •	l	Dunedin	1	١٠٠	1	1	' '			1	1	38	1	٠.	
Hokitika .	.		$\cdot   \cdot  $	.	1	2	٠.			3	1		٠.	Alexandra		• •	· •		. 1	1 1			$\cdot \cdot  $	1		•••	
Karamea . Kumara .		• •   • •	.   •			1 1				1	••			Anderson's Bay Balclutha	L.	::				1	٠.	1 1		1			
Kumara . Murchison .					·	1				1		• • •	::	Caversham						1		••	••	1	٠٠.	• • •	•••
Okarito .	.		$\cdot   \cdot  $	۱		1	٠	٠.		1	• • •	• •	• • •	l Clyde		••	• •		1	1			•••	2		٠.	•••

## APPENDIX B-continued.

RETURN SHOWING THE STRENGTH, ETC., OF THE NEW ZEALAND POLICE FORCE—continued.

Stations.	Superin- tendents.	Inspectors.	Sub- Inspectors.	Serveanta	Sergeants.	Constables.	Senior Detectaves.	Detective-	Detectives	Total.	Temporary Constables.	District	Native Constables	Stations.	Superin- tendents.	Inspectors.	Sub- Inspectors.	Sergeants.	Sergeants.	Constables.	Senior Detectives.	Detective-	Detectives.	Total.	Temporary Constables.	District Constables.	Native Constables.
Dunedin District—													;	Invercargill Dis- trict—continued.													
Cromwell						1		İ		1	li			Tilc					7	ถ				3			ĺ
Cusan Islami		١.,	٠.	٠.	١	1 1	1	١		1			• • • •	01:4	'''	• •	• •	٠٠.	1	1	• • •	••	• •	1		• • •	
Valtanasta	١.,		٠,	٠٠	1	1 1	٠.	• •	1	1			1	177		• •	• •	•••	• • •	1	• •	• •	· • •	1		• •	1
т	٠.	٠.	• • •		1 1	1	· ·		• •	2	11		í	α		• •	• •	• • •	i	3	••	••	• •	1		• •	••
Mr: 3 31 1	• •	• •	• • •		1	1		٠.	l••i				• •		· • •	•••	• •	••	1	3	• • •	• •	••	4	• •		••
7/1/14			• •	٠.	1 1	1		٠٠	• •	1		١.	• • •	T "	••	• •	• •	• • •	•••	1	• • •	• •	••	1	• •	• •	• •
		١		• •	1	.:		••	$ \cdot\cdot $	_		١.	1	N/ - 4	J •••]	••	• •	]	$ \cdot\cdot $	1	••	• •	$ \cdot\cdot $	1		• •	
Mornington		٠.	• •	• •	· ·	1				1		١.	·¦ ··			• •	• • •	• •	• •	ī	• •	• •	$ \cdot\cdot $	1	• •	•••	•••
Mosgiel		٠.	• •	· · ·	• •	1			• •	1			•   • •	Nightcaps	••	• •	• • •	• •	• •	1	• •	• •	• •	1		• •	
Naseby		٠٠	٠.	٠.		1		٠.	• •	1	lı ••		٠; ٠.	North Invercargill	••	• •	• •	• • •	••	- 1	• • •		• •	1	• •	• •	٠.
North Dunedin			٠.		1	4				5			•  ••	Orepuki	••			• •		1		• •		1	· • •		٠.
North-east Valley		• •	٠.	٠.		1		٠.		1			.  .,			٠.				1		٠.		1			
Ophir		٠.		· ·	٠.	1				1		١.								1		٠.		1			
Outram		١				1			} <b></b> ]	1	ļ		.			٠.,				1	]			1			
Owaka	٠.		١	٠.	ļ	1	١.,			1	١			Riverton					1					1	[		٠.
Palmerston South	١		٠.	٠.		1				1	١	١.,		South Invercargill						1				1	١		
Port Chalmers				١	1	3	٠.	١		4	۱.,	١.,		Tapanui						1				1			
Portobello	٠.	٠.		١.,		1		١		1		١.,	٠. ا	Waikaia		[				1				1	i l		١
Ranfurly	٠.		٠.	١	1	1		١.,		1	٠.	١.,		Waikiwi						1				1	١		
Ravensbourne	١	١	١.,	٠.	J	1	١.,	١	١ ا	1	١	١.,		Winton						1				1			
Roslyn		١	٠.	١	١ ا	2	١			2				Wyndham						1				1			
Roxburgh	١		٠.	١	l	1			١ ا	1						.			_ .								
St. Bathan's	١			١		1				1				Totals		1		1	4	32	1			39	2		
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## APPENDIX C.

RETURN SHOWING THE PROPORTION OF POLICE TO POPULATION AND COST OF POLICE PER INHABITANT IN EACH OF THE UNDERMENTIONED PLACES.

Plac	36.		1	Number of Police.	Estimated Population (31st Dec., 1919).	Proportion of Police to Population.	Cost of Police per Inhabitant
New Zealand				916 1,719	1,214,184 1,495,938	1 to 1,325 1 to 870	s. d. 4 113 5 63
New South Wales Queensland	• •	• •	••	$\frac{2,582}{1,129}$	2,002,631 $725,220$	1 to 775 1 to 642	7 0\frac{3}{4} 10 3\frac{3}{4}
South Australia	• •		••	530	468,194	1 to 883	6 5
Western Australia				457	331,660	1 to 725	8 51
Fasmania				236	216,751	1 to 918	6 0

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