The following statement shows the value of metalliferous minerals produced, the quantity and value of kauri-gum exported, and the quantity of coal produced during 1920 and 1919:—

				1920.		1919.		
	•			Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	
					£		£	
Gold and silver bullion	ı prod	uced		474,650 oz.	528.317	$588,662\mathrm{oz}$.	702.131	
Quicksilver produced					1,378		2.794	
Tungsten concentrate produced				39 tons	1,956		21.771	
Manganese produced	·				10			
Copper produced							12	
Asbestos produced					105			
Kauri-gum exported				6,481 tons	556,756	4,128 tons	255,812	
Coal produced				1,843,705 tons	,	1,847,848 tons	1,847,848	

The value of minerals exported and of the coal used in the Dominion, which is shown in table No. 1 accompanying this Statement, amounted to £3,431,391, as against £4,424,689 during the previous year.

It is gratifying to report that there has been a marked advance in the stone-quarrying industry, the number of such operations under the Stone-quarries Act being 241 during the year, as compared with 219 during 1919. The value of material quarried during 1920 was £314,470. The value of the 1919 output was not furnished by quarry-owners.

GOLD AND SILVER MINING.

The following statement shows the quantity and value of bullion-production, the dividends paid by registered companies, and the number of productive claims and gold-dredges during 1920 and 1919:—

Class of Gold-mi	ning.		Production	of Bullion.	Dividends paid by Registered Companies.		Number of Produc- tive Claims and Dredges.		
		1920.		1919.		1920.	1919.	1920.	1919.
Quartz Alluvial Dredging	• •	Oz. 451,122 16,576 6,952	£ 415,868 77,777 34,672	Oz. 555,666 20,620 12,376	£ 574,020 80,273 47,838	£ 100,981 4,445	£ 118,831 2,068 2,845	23 122 12	37 131 19
Totals		474.650	528,317	588,662	702,131	105,426	123,744	157	187

As depth has been attained at many of the gold-quartz mines the value per ton of ore treated has declined, such value during 1920 being £1 15s. 10d., as compared with £2 0s. 1d. during the previous year. This, taken in conjunction with the increased cost of production at all mines, has seriously affected the industry in this Dominion and elsewhere.

MINERALS OTHER THAN GOLD AND SILVER.

Six parties, five of whom operated in Otago and Southland and one in Marlborough, were engaged in scheelite-mining, two of which also produced gold. From 1,883 tons of quartz crushed 39 tons 2 cwt. of tungsten concentrates was obtained, some of which is held for an improved market.

Three parties were employed at cinnabar-mining operations near Puhipuhi, North Auckland, one of which, the New Zealand Quicksilver-mines (Limited), produced 3,675 lb. of quicksilver, valued at £1,378. The other parties were employed