Sch dwt. over 9 in. No. 10 level intermediate, south of rise 360 ft, south, advanced 106 ft., all on reef averaging 15-5 dwt. over 18 in. No. 7 level rise, 1800 ft. north, risen on reef averaging 16-67 dwt. over 40 in. No. 6 level rise, 1.370 ft. north, risen 82 ft. on reef averaging 16-68 dwt. over 18 jn. No. 10 level rise, 2.60 ft. north, risen 83 ft. on reef averaging 16 dwt. over 18 jn. No. 10 level rise, 1800 ft. north, south 60 ft., of which 40 ft. was on reef averaging 12-4 dwt. over 18 jn. No. 8 level winze, 1.800 ft. north, south 60 ft., of which 40 ft. was on reef averaging 5-97 dwt. over 16 in. No. 8 level winze, 1.180 ft. north, south 62 ft., of which 40 ft. was on reef averaging 5-97 dwt. over 16 in. No. 8 level winze, 1.370 ft. north, south 63 ft., all on reef. No. 8 level crosscut, 1.800 ft. north, south 63 ft., all on reef. No. 8 level crosscut, 1.800 ft. north, advanced 14 ft. west of level, off reef. No. 10 level crosscut at 465 ft. north advanced 18 ft. cast of level in country. At the treatment plant 9.044 tons of quartz was crushed for a recovery of 18,031 oz. 19 dwt. gold, of which 13,732 oz. 4 dwt. was recovered by amalgamation, 2.979 oz. 13 dwt. by cyanidation, and 1.320 oz. 2 dwt. from concentrates. The total value of the gold was 570.232 10s. 8d. Although the quantity crushed exceeded that of the previous year by 2,105 tons, the gross value of the yield fell off by 24.682. This was due mainly to an unexpected fall in values in some of the stopes over No. 10 level, from which a considerable portion of the tonnage for the year was drawn. The appearance of zones of poor value has been a common feature of the mines of this district, but this is the first time such an occurrence has been noted in this mine. Seeing that the values in No. 10 level itself were good, here sees every probability that the value of the stone in this particular part of the year has been carried out in the extreme north of the mine—that is, in the direction of the North Blackwater Mines, Ltd., holders of the adjacen

abundant than in any of the upper workings of the mine, a condition brought about, without doubt, by the serious faulting that had occurred. Between these levels the appearance of the mine was that of a lode-channel several hundred feet in width containing blocks of ore scattered throughout it, and dipping and striking at all angles and directions. Between Nos. 11 and 12 levels this wide ore-channel has disappeared, and the reef has been confined to what may be described as mere fissure in which stone only appears in occasional small boulders. It is possible that further extension of No. 12 level to the north may reveal more important bodies of quartz, so some little further prospecting in this direction seems justified. During the year twentysmall boulders. It is possible that further extension of No. 12 level to the north may reveal more important bodies of quartz, so some little further prospecting in this direction seems justified. During the year twenty-four men on an average were employed, and 1,799 tons of stone mined and treated, for a return of 1,156 oz. 12 dwt. gold by amalgamation, 93 oz. 19 dwt. from eyanide treatment, and 476 oz. 6 dwt. from treatment of concentrates, or a total of 1,726 oz. 17 dwt., valued at £6,607 17s. 7d.

New Keep-it-Dark Mine.—Work in this mine was limited to the old Golden Ledge section, and mainly to the extension of the Golden Ledge No. 2 adit. This adit was advanced a further 265 ft., making the total distance of 630 ft. from the crosscut; of this distance 390 ft. represented new work done since operations were resumed in this part of the mine. During the driving operations in 1926, scattered small boulders were met with proportically all the way and in three places short continuous makes of stone were met with. One of those

resumed in this part of the mine. During the driving operations in 1926, scattered small boulders were met with practically all the way, and in three places short continuous makes of stone were met with. One of these was about 50 ft. long, another 20 ft., and the third 17 ft. All of these apparently carried fair gold-contents. From the first-mentioned several stopes were taken off, and in this short distance the shoot lengthened to 90 ft., with stone still making at both ends. The reef was about 3 ft. in width. In the stoping operations referred to some 245 tons of stone was mined, which on treatment by amalgamation yielded 108 oz. 6 dwt., and by eyanidation 24 oz. 14 dwt. gold, or a total of 133 oz., valued at £504 5s. 7d., equal to £2 1s. 2d. per ton. No work was done on the other shoots, but when provision is made for better ventilation of the workings, as is intened shortly, these will be further tested. I understand that a company has been formed to provide the necessary funds to enable the possibilities of this part of the mine to be fully investigated. It may be noted that in extending the Golden Ledge No. 2 adit the work met an old vertical shaft at about 630 ft. in from the crosscut. For a time the management was completely puzzled as to the identity of this working, but a search of the old plans showed that a shaft had been sunk for a few feet in this position from what is known as the "old dark tunnel." Evidently this shaft was subsequently carried on down to the old battery level (No. 4 surface adit), but the working was not posted on the plans.

North Big River Mine.—At this property four men were employed throughout the year in prospecting operations. Some further crosscutting and driving was done in the north end of No. 3 adit, and in the same adit, from a point about 100 ft. from its mouth, a crosscut was run out to the east for 400 ft., where it met the dolerite. No evidence of the existence of reef was met with in any of the work done.

New Millerton Mine.—Nothing was done during the year at t

New Millerton Mine.—Nothing was done during the year at this mine in the work done, shaft, but a certain amount of prospecting was carried out from surface on the southern end of the company's claim, south of Snowy Creek. Here an adit was put in for 208 ft., and a crosscut driven from it for 20 ft. in the hope of picking up the downward continuation of an outcrop of quartz located some years ago. Nothing but a track carrying

fragments of quartz was, however, found.

South Blackwater Mine.—The principal work carried on here was the continuation of the sinking of the main shaft, which had been started at a point between 6,000 and 7,000 ft. south of the Blackwater shaft, the idea of sinking it being to try and pick up the southern continuation of the Birthday reef worked so successfully by the Blackwater Mines, Ltd. For the year the shaft was sunk a further 217 ft., making a total from surface of 316 ft. The work was not continuous, there having been a long delay owing to difficulty in getting a party of men to take on the work at a suitable price. Apart from the shaft-sinking, some prospecting-work was done on several of the lines of reef that outcrop on the