The attached table shows, for comparative purposes, income and expenditure since 1921:—

			Revenue.	Expenditure.				
			£ s. d.	$ar{ extbf{\pounds}}$ s. d.				
Year ended 31st March,	1922		 17,719 6 4	23,528 0 6				
,,	1923	• •	 19,790 18 1	19,119 4 7				
,,	1924		 19,137 7 10	18,430 18 4				
,,	1925	• •	 23,535 13 9	$21,553 \ 13 \ 1$				
	1926		 23,268 5 1	$23,415\ 17\ 1$				
23	1927		 19,103 11 5	24,303 6 9				
••	1928		 18.997 13 6	17.488 7 6				

To meet the situation which arose last year, expenditure was cut down to an absolute minimum, being nearly £7,000 less than for the previous financial year. The Public Works programme was curtailed, and expenditure in all Departments was reduced.

The New Zealand Government, which has rightly committed us to increasing activities in various directions, such as medical services, education, public works, superannuation, &c., will realize that with the abnormal conditions which have obtained in the last three years owing to heavy storms early in 1926 we must depend upon it for a certain amount of financial aid until better conditions are restored.

The balance-sheet set out hereunder takes into account the value of all Administration assets throughout the Group as at the 31st March, 1928, and all liabilities, and shows an excess of assets amounting to £73,000 4s. 9d.

Balance-sheet as at 31st Me	rch,	<i>1928</i> .
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	Liabi	ilities.	£		d.	Assets. £ s. d.
Accumulated funds			 73,000	4	9	Land 9,476 15 0
Sundry creditors			 5,956	17	7	Buildings 45,991 3 3
•						Waterworks, Rarotonga 4,947 12 0
						Water-tanks, Outer Islands 1,644 1 11
						Telephone system 527 5 0
						Plant and tools 2,397 0 8
						Office furniture and fittings 667 0 7
						Furniture, household 4,295 10 4
						Boats 461 6 3
						Motor-vehicles 939 7 4
						Stocks on hand 2,212 12 9
						Sundry debtors 3,550 1 8
						Cash in hand (Resident Agents) 103 5 11
						Cash in bank 1,064 16 11
						Cash in hand 679 2 9
			£78,957	2	4	£78,957 2 4
						I

TRADE.

For the year ended 31st December, 1927, the value of the imports was £116,606, and of exports £138,357, showing an excess of exports of £21,751. For the previous year the figures were—Imports, £134,473; and exports, £138,588.

During the year 123,021 cases of oranges and other citrus fruits, 45,470 cases of bananas, and 41,080 cases of tomatoes were exported.

The following comparative table shows the exports of our main products for the last four years:—

		1924.	1925.	1926.	1927.
Oranges (cases)	 	 177,396	94,773	169,668	123,021
Bananas (cases)	 	 78,453	85,451	30,766	45,470
Tomatoes (cases)	 	 25,438	61,064	72,087	41,080
Copra (tons)	 • •	 2,250	2,440	1,245	1,676

It will be seen that our export of oranges, bananas, and tomatoes still shows a considerable drop on what is a normal year's output. Copra made a small recovery compared with the previous year, but is still considerably below an average year.

The orange crop in Rarotonga this year is a heavy one, but reports from the Outer Islands shows that their output will be considerably less than that of last year.

Bananas have not been extensively planted in Rarotonga, but tomatoes have received considerable attention, and if the weather is favourable the crop should be a fairly heavy one.

The following are the returns of the imports and exports for the year just ended, together with a summary for the past thirteen years:—

PORT OF AVARUA.

Return of Imports for the Year ended 31st December, 1927.

SUMMARY.									
			£					£	
New Zealand			87,773	Norway				50	
United States of America	• •		13,142	Portugal		• •		30	
United Kingdom			6,682	Holland				28	
Australia			5,044	Czecho-Slovakia				15	
Tahiti			1,486	Java				11	
France			730	China				5	
Canada			631	Suva				4	
India			361	Italy				4	
Germany			212	South Africa				2	
Belgium			101	Sweden				1	
Switzerland			91	Hawaii				1	
Austria			80						
Japan			68					£116,606	
Ceylon			54						