H.-44.

In the following tables the various classes of industries contributing to the factory production of the Dominion have been grouped according to general character:

Table showing for the Years ended 31st March, 1926, 1927, and 1928, Figures relating to the various Industries classified into Four Groups as stated.

| Year. | Persons engaged. | Salaries and Wages paid. | Materials used. | Value of Products. | Value added by Manufacture. | Land, Building Plant, and Machinery. |
|---|----------------------|--|---|---|--------------------------------|--|
| | | | Group | 1. | | |
| roup 1 ii | | | nd bacon curing, wool-scouring, boili | | | ilk, sausage-casi |
| 925-26 | Number. $11,825$ | $\overset{\mathfrak{L}}{2,795,711}$ | £ 31,848,741 | £ 38,984,651 | $^{£}_{7,135,910}$ | $^{£}_{9,934,754}$ |
| 925-26 926-27 | $11,829 \\ 10,780$ | 2,795,711 2,724,508 | 28,761,058 | 35,949,071 | 7,188,013 | 9,934,754 $9,099,276$ |
| 27-28 | 11,692 | 2,726,430 | 32,892,737 | 40,316,821 | 7,424,084 | 9,125,125 |
| | | | Group 2 | | | |
| | _ | - | nd supply, electricit | - | | |
| 925–26 | Number. $7,348$ | [1,673,962] | [2,980,311] | $\overset{\mathtt{\pounds}}{5,499,195}$ | £ 2,518,884 | £ 25,683,829 |
| 926-27 | 7,583 | 1,789,606 | 3,573,037 | 6,109,861 | 2,536,824 | 28,514,59 |
| 027-28 | | 1,851,644 | 4,221,136 | 6,601,850 | 2,380,714 | 30,087,31 |
| | | | Group 3 | 3. | | |
| | ry making, c | onerete block or | ring; log-sawmilling pipe and fibrous p | laster making; 1 | | flax-milling. |
| 925-26 | Number. 13,802 | $\begin{bmatrix} & £ \\ 3,256,974 \end{bmatrix}$ | $\frac{\pounds}{2,086,501}$ | $\overset{\mathfrak{L}}{8,285,241}$ | +6,198,740 | 5,146,11 |
| 26-27 | 12,303 | 2,863,200 | 1,926,225 | 7,407,603 | 5,481,378 | 4,988,31 |
| 27-28 | 11,228 | 2,529,511 | 1,733,150 | 6,635,991 | 4,902,841 | 4,901,58 |
| | | 0 | Group 4 | | | |
| | Number. | £ £ | oup 4 includes all o £ | tner industries. | £ | £ |
| 925-26 | | 9,150,234 | 15,411,445 | | 16,611,902 | 18,304,30 |
| 926-27 | | 9,670,409 | 15,961,735 | 34,173,036 | 18,211,501 | 20,120,94 |
| 927–28 | 51,610 | 9,768,293 | 16,461,174 | 34,174,820 | 17,713,646 | 20,560,12 |
| | | Per | centage of each G | • | | |
| | 19.16 | 15.98 | $\begin{array}{c} 1926-27 \\ 57 \cdot 28 \end{array}$ | 43·31 | 21.91 | 14.51 |
| • • | $\frac{13.16}{9.26}$ | 10.50 | 7:11 | 45.31 7.36 | 7.74 | 14·51 45·46 |
| • | 15.02 | 16.80 | 3.84 | 8.92 | 16.71 | 7.95 |
| | 62.56 | 56.72 | 31.77 | 40.41 | 53.64 | 32.08 |
| Total | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |
| | | | 1927–28 | 3. | | |
| | 14.30 | 16.15 | 59.47 | 45.95 | 22.90 | 14.11 |
| | 8.82 | 10.98 | 7.63 | 7.53 | 7.34 | 46.52 |
| | 13.74 | 14.99 | 3.14 | 7.56 | 15.12 | 7.58 |
| | 63.14 | 57.88 | 29.76 | 38.96 | 54.64 | 31.79 |
| | | | | | | |

The above tables assemble what might be termed (a) semi-primary industries, (b) certain public utilities and services, (c) semi-extractive and processing industries, and (d) other manufacturing industries.

Analyses of the data for the various industries disclose the following principal differences between 1927-28 and 1926-27:-

Persons engaged.

Increases.—Meat-freezing, &c., 711; clothing, 220; printing and publishing, 179; butter and cheese, 171; motor and cycle engineering, 152; chemical fertilizers, 89.

Decreases.—Sawmilling, 893; flax-milling, 173; electric supply, 167; electric tramways, 155;

biscuit and confectionery, 154; general engineering, 110.