(24) Snapper (Pagrosomus auratus): The only one examined contained the erab Nectocarcinus.

(25) Trumpeter (Latris lineata): One contained Nectocarcinus.

(26) Tarakihi (Dactylosparus macropterus): These contained crabs (Cyclograpsus, Halicarcinus, and Hymenosoma), molluses (Chione, Maorimaetra, and Calliostoma), and the worms Lepidonotus and Glycera.

"(27) Moki (Latridopsis ciliaris): One specimen contained sprats; others had crustaceans (Cancer, Nectocarcinus, Halicarcinus, Hymenosoma, and Hippolyte bifidirostris) and ostracodes, and numerous molluses (Turbonilla, Micrelenchus, Notosetea, Paphirus, Dardanula limbata, and Subonola foveauxiana).

(28) Kelp-fish or Butter-fish (Coridodax pullus): During the summer months Munida was found in the stomachs, together with the worms Eulalia and Nereis and the molluses Micrelenchus, which last was perhaps taken with the seaweed, which is their principal food.

(29) Scarlet parrot-fish (Pseudolabrus coccineus): Contained Ulva and Micrelenchus.

(30) Spotty (Pseudolabrus celidotus): Many contained small amphipods, isopods, and ostracods. Some were feeding on Harmothea; one had only Dardanula, and one the brachipod Terebratella.

(31) Girdled parrot-fish (*Pseudolabrus cinctus*): Several contained seaweed; others had *Amphidesma Chione*, and *Eulalia*.

(32) Frost-fish (*Lepidopus caudatus*): One specimen was examined and the stomach was found to be empty

(33) Barracouta (Thyrsites atun): Specimens of the sea-perch (Helicolenus percoides) and the

swimming crab (Nectocarcinus) were found, in addition to other species previously recorded.

(34) Acanthoclinus quadridactylus: Feeding on Petrolisthes, and worms too disintegrated to identify.

(35, 36) Kokopuru (*Tripterygion tripenne* and *T. varium*): The stomachs of both species contained minute crustacea.

(37) Blue cod (*Percis colias*): Besides species already recorded, these contained *Helicogramma medium* and pig-fish (*Congiopodus*), *Munida*, and the molluses *Mytilus maorianus* and *Chlamys celeator*.

(38) Maori chief (Notothenia macrocephala): Only a few were examined, and these contained small flounders (Rhombosolea ylebeia).

(39) Bovichthys variegatus: Contained partly digested worms (Eulalia).

(40) Ling (Genypterus blacodes): In addition to the fish-food already recorded, these were found to be feeding on sand-flounders up to 7 in. in length, and young barracouta, crabs (Hymenosoma sp.), molluses (Zeathalia), and brittle-stars (Ophyxima).

(41) Sea-perch, or soldier (*Helicolenus percoides*): The stomachs contained young fish of their own species, pig-fish, and sprats; also crustacea (*Palaemon affinis*, *Squilla* sp.), *Paramithrax*, *Cancer*, *Nectocarcinus*, *Hymenicus*, and *Halicarcinus*), with some amphipods and isopods; and worms (*Aphrodite*, *Glycera*, and *Nereis*).

(42) Pig-fish (Congiopodus leucopoecilus): A number of these were found to contain only the worm Zeathalia. Others had crabs (Nectocarcinus, and Hymenosoma), some amphipods and isopods; also worms (Antisolarium and Cantharidella).

(43) Toad-fish (Neophrynichthys latus): Only three contained sand-flounders and soles.

(44) Gurnard (Chelidonichthys kumu): Only three specimens were examined, and found to be feeding on crabs (Nectocarcinus).

(45) Sucker (Diplocrepis puniceus): Contained porcelain crabs (Petrolisthes), immature crabs, and

other small crustaceans, and worms (Eulalia).

(46) Leather-jacket (*Pseudomonacanthus scaber*): Feeding on amphipods, isopods, and unidentified worms.