## CHAPTER V.—GENERAL.

#### 1. Legislation.

The only legislation affecting State forests enacted during the year was section 3 of the Mining Act, 1935, which restricts the operation of section 66 (f) of the Mining Act, 1926, by providing that no body corporate shall be entitled to exercise the authority to cut timber conferred on the holder of a miner's right except with the consent of the Minister of Mines and the Commissioner of State Forests, and subject to such terms and conditions as may be imposed.

It has always been recognized that a miner's right gives the holder thereof the right to cut and remove timber free of charge from unalienated Crown land (including State forests) for mining and his own domestic use—i.e., for firewood, fencing, and the building of a house for occupation by him.

In addition to the individual miner, however, this right was hitherto enjoyed by commercial organizations.

The individual miner is not affected by this legislation.

### 2. Finance.

#### Receipts.

The increase in receipts over last year's figures—approximately £34,000—is convincing evidence that the milling industry is again in a flourishing condition. The gross receipts were £106,978, being the highest total recorded for eight years. Detailed figures are given in the attached schedule:—

TABLE 9. 1935-36. 1933-34. Item. 1934-35. 1932-33. Indigenous-forests receipts-¢ £ £ Timber-sales ... 74,828 47,179 31,017 27,129Timber royalties and trespass 5,006 5,449 3,164 . . 3,667 Leases, grazing 1,7571,6461,816 1,637 Sawmill-sites, industrial, &c. 957 1,417 1,412. . 1,348 Miscellaneous ... 2,844 2,125 2,206 1,587 National Endowment Account allocation ... 15,712 10,990 6,6126,221Nurseries and plantations— Trees and seeds Firewood and poles 5,874 4,094 . . . . 6.546 3,542 Miscellaneous ... Totals ... 106,978 72,900 52,709 45,195 . .

# Payments.

The year's expenditure shows an increase of £19,000 over last year's total, but this is accounted for mainly by increases in salaries and wages and additional payments to local bodies and National Endowment Account. Expenditure on the indigenous forests also shows a slight increase. Rigid economy and careful supervision over projects were responsible for keeping the expenditure down to the minimum under all heads consistent with efficiency.

TABLE	10.
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TABLE IV.					
Item.	1935–36.	1934–35.	1933–34.	1932-33	
Fixed charges and staff salaries—	£	£	£	£	
Interest and expenses of raising loans	525	172	269	97,256	
Staff salaries	41,374	34,155	32,901	34,232	
Allocation of revenue—				1	
National Endowment Account	7,117	3,436	3,893	3,840	
Local-body payments	9,243	5,903	3,508	3,259	
Management, establishment, and develop-	•		, , , , ,	0,200	
ment—					
Indigenous forests	14,763	11,735	8,817	9,501	
Fire-fighting equipment and prevention	$^{'}415$	805	820	668	
Educational: Reference library, &c	260	445	120	411	
Research and experimental equipment, &c.	836	528	1,022	1,017	
Afforestation: Nurseries and plantations	60,642	59,136	54,292	49,348	
Land-purchase	70		10,542	12,646	
Miscellaneous	500	343	202	205	
Sand-dune reclamation					
Totals	135,745	116,658	116,386	212,383	