The manner in which the exchanges are classified, the number of exchanges in each class, and the number of stations connected therewith on the 31st March, 1936, are shown in the following table:—

·	Class I. Exchanges or Net- works observing Continuous Attendance and having more than 3,500 Paying Subscribers' Main Stations con- nected therewith.	Class II. Exchanges or Networks observing Continuous Attendance and having 1,001 to 3,500 Paying Subscribers' Main Stations con- nected therewith.	Class III. Exchanges or Net- works observing Continuous Attendance and having 201 to 1,000 Paying Subscribers' Main Stations con- nected therewith.	Class IV. Exchanges or Networks where the Attendance is restricted.	Dominion Totals.
Subscribers' main stations	46,177	25,096	29,205	26,578	127,056
Toll and service stations	832	565	964	1,785	4,146
Public call offices	663	134	65	8	870
Extension stations—					
P.B.X	11,789	2,863	899	120	15,671
Ordinary	7,881	3,631	2,367	1,048	14,927
Telephone-stations: Class totals	67,342	32,289	33,500	29,539	162,670
Number of exchanges in each class	4	14	61	269	348

In addition to the stations shown in the preceding table, there were 3,895 stations connected by private telephone-lines directly or indirectly with departmental toll stations, making a grand total of 166,565 telephone-stations on the 31st March, 1936.

The following table shows the number of telephone-stations in the North and South Islands on the 31st March, 1935 and 1936, respectively:—

		Number of Telephone Stations on 31st March,							
	_	1935.			1936,				
		Main Stations.	Extension Stations.	Total.	Main Stations.	Extension Stations.	Total.	Percentag Increase.	
North Island		90,163	20,419	110,582	94,233	21,798	116,031	4.9	
South Island		36,581	8,244	44,825	37,839	8,800	46,639	4.0	
Totals		126,744	28,663	155,407	132,072	30,598	162,670	4.6	

The number of telephone-stations (main and extension) connected with each of the fifteen principal exchanges on the 31st March, 1936, was—Auckland, 23,130; Wellington, 21,333; Christchurch, 13,340; Dunedin, 8,691; Wanganui, 3,478; Palmerston North, 3,316; Hamilton, 3,255; Invercargill, 3,096; Hastings, 2,745; Gisborne, 2,731; New Plymouth, 2,318; Timaru, 2,125; Napier, 2,119; Masterton, 2,025; Nelson, 1,869.

2,025; Nelson, 1,869.

The number of party and rural lines on the 31st March, 1936, was 13,100, to which were connected 47,872 main stations—an increase of 1,026 and 1,839 respectively on the figures for the previous year.

The following table shows, for each class of exchange, the respective percentages of business and residential stations, also the respective percentages of individual and party-line stations, on the 31st March, 1936:—

Percentage of		Class I Exchanges.	Class II Exchanges.	Class III Exchanges.	Class IV Exchanges.	Dominion Percentages
Business stations		38	33	27	20	31
Residential stations	• •	62	67	73	80	69
		100	100	100	100	100
Individual-line stations		86	74	48	30	63
Party- and rural-line stations		14	26	52	70	37
		100	100	100	100	100