PERCENTAGE OF LICENSES TO POPULATION.

There were at 31st March, 1939, 19:61 licenses per hundred of population. New Zealand still maintains its position as third in the list of countries where licenses are issued in respect of the density of licenses to population. The table below shows the position of the five countries having the greatest density.

Country.			Date to which Percen	Percentage of Licenses to Population.	
Denmark			31st December, 1938	20.58	
Sweden			31st December, 1938	 	19.47
New Zealand			31st December, 1938	 	19.43
Great Britain			31st December, 1938	 	19.30
Australia			31st December, 1938	 	16.05

The percentage of licenses to population in the larger towns of the Dominion is shown in the subjoined table $: \cdot \cdot$

Town.			Percentage of Licenses to Population.	Tow	Percentage of Licenses to Population.		
Oamaru			33.49	Wanganui			$24 \cdot 21$
Blenheim			$32 \cdot 03$	Invercargill			$23 \cdot 88$
Greymouth			$29 \cdot 58$	Bluff			$23 \cdot 64$
Whangarei			$29 \cdot 22$	Christchurch			$23 \cdot 42$
Rotorua]	$28 \cdot 78$	Timaru	, ,		$23 \cdot 25$
Ashburton			$28 \!\cdot\! 57$	Hastings			23.04
Hamilton			$27 \cdot 63$	Auckland			$22 \cdot 59$
Wellington			$26 \cdot 38$	Napier			$22 \cdot 22$
Gisborne			$26 \cdot 11$	Westport			$22 \cdot 06$
New Plymouth			$25 \cdot 51$	Dunedin			$21 \cdot 29$
Masterton			$25 \cdot 34$	Nelson			$20 \cdot 34$
Palmerston Nor	th		$24 \cdot 58$			į	

Hours of Transmission.

Annual increases in the hours of transmission of the broadcasting-stations owned by the National Broadcasting Service are shown in the subjoined table:—

				(Rate per Annum).		
At 1st January, 1932					10,612	,
At 1st January, 1933				 	16,484	
At 1st January, 1934				 	23,036	
At 1st January, 1935				 	25,700	
At 1st January, 1936				 	27 , 456	
At 31st March, 1937				 	27,593	
At 31st March, 1938				 	47,346	
At 31st Marsh, 1939				 	48,139	

For the year ended 31st March, 1939, out of 38,653 hours of transmission time, 17 hours 15 minutes were lost owing to technical faults and power failures.

Programmes.

The National Broadcasting Service, at the 31st March, 1939, was supplying programmes from the fourteen stations indicated hereunder:—

Station.				Λ erial Energy.	Frequency.	Wave-length.	
	MM 202 10 E10 1				Kilocycles per Second.	Metres.	
$1Y\Lambda$, Auckland				$10 \cdot 00 \text{ kw}$.	650	462	
1YX, Auckland				0·15 kw.	880	341	
1ZM, Auckland				0.75 kw.	1,250	240	
2YA, Wellington				60.00 kw.	570	526	
2YC, Wellington				5.00 kw.	840	357	
2YD, Wellington				0.20 kw.	990	303	
2YH, Napier				$5 \cdot 00$ kw.	760	395	
2YN, Nelson				0.03 kw.	920	327	
3YA, Christchurch				10.00 kw.	720	416	
3YL, Christehurch				0.30 kw.	1,200	250	
3ZR Greymouth				0.10 kw.	940	319	
4YA, Dunedin				10.00 kw.	790	380	
4YO, Dunedin				0.15 kw.	1,140	263	
4YZ, Invercargill				5.00 kw.	680	441	